TECHNICAL MANUAL

DIRECT SUPPORT AND GENERAL SUPPORT

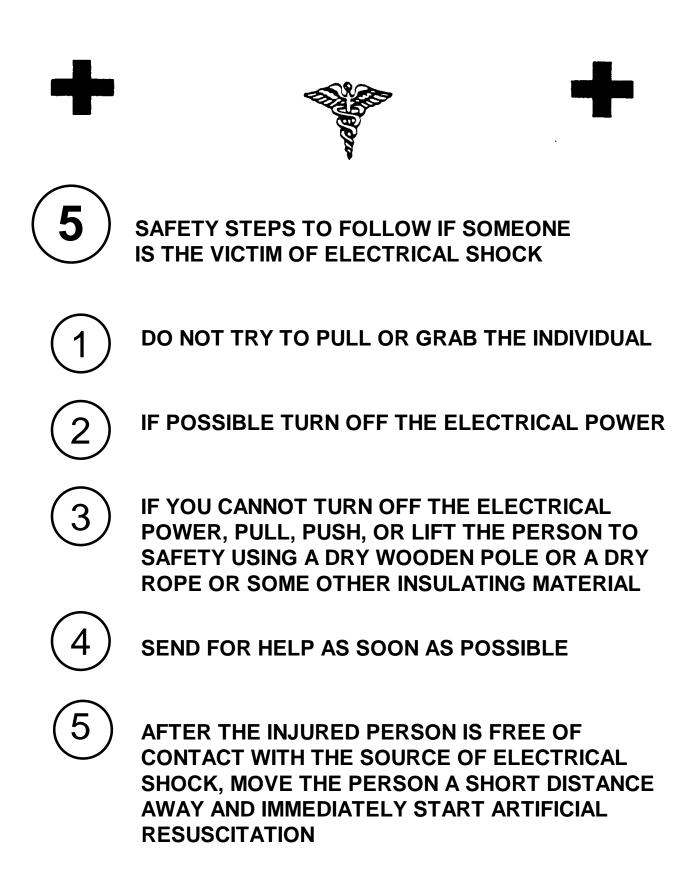
MAINTENANCE MANUAL

CONVERTER, TELEPHONE SIGNAL

CV-3478/TTC

This copy is a reprint which includes current pages from Change 1.

DEPARTMENTS OF THE ARMY, THE NAVY, AND THE AIR FORCE 18 APRIL 1983



TM 11-5805-715-34 EE119-DB-MMI-010/E154 CV3478 TO 31W2-2TTC39-12 C1

DEPARTMENTS OF THE ARMY, THE NAVY, AND THE AIR FORCE Washington, DC, 20 August 1984

DIRECT SUPPORT AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE MANUAL **CONVERTER, TELEPHONE SIGNAL** CV-3478/TTC (NSN 5805-01-127-6943)

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TO 31W2-2TTC39-12

DEPARTMENTS OF THE ARMY

THE NAVY, AND

THE AIR FORCE

Washington, DC 18 April 1983

DIRECT SUPPORT AND GENERAL SUPPORT

MAINTENANCE MANUAL

CONVERTER, TELEPHONE SIGNAL

CV-3478/TTC

REPORTING ERRORS AND RECOMMENDING IMPROVEMENTS

You can help improve this manual. If you find any mistakes or if you know of a way to improve the procedures, please let us know. Mail your letter, DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms), or DA Form 2028-2 located in back of this manual direct to the Commander, US Army Communications-Electronics Command and Fort Monmouth, ATTN; DRSEL-ME-MP, Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703.

For Air Force, submit AFTO Form 22 (Technical Order System Publication Improvement Report and Reply) in accordance with paragraph 6-5, Section VI, T. O. 00-5-1. Forward direct to prime ALC/MST.

For Navy, mail comments to the Commander, Naval Electronics Systems Command, ATTN; ELEX 8122, Washington, DC 20360.

In either case, a reply will be furnished direct to you.

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

Section I. General

1-1. Scope

This manual describes the intermediate maintenance of the Converter, Telephone Signal CV-3478/ TTC (fig. 1-1), hereafter referred to as the NATO Interface Unit (NIU). The manual contains information on the functioning of equipment and direct and general support maintenance instructions. A

complete listing of reference publications is provided in appendix A. The Maintenance Allocation Chart is contained in appendix B of TM 11-5805-715-12. The Repair Parts and Special Tools List (RPSTL) is contained in TM 11-5805-715-34P.

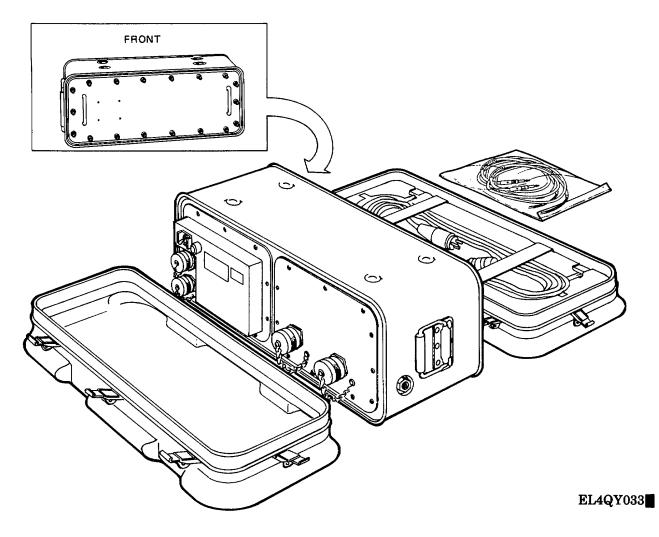


Figure 1-1. Converter, Telephone Signal CV-3478/TTC.

Change 1 1-1

1-2. Consolidated Index of Army Publications and Blank Forms

Refer to the latest issue of DA Pam 310-1 to determine whether there are new editions, changes, or additional publications pertaining to the equipment.

1-3. Maintenance Forms, Records and Reports

a. Reports of Maintenance and Unsatisfactory Equipment. Department of the Army forms and procedures used for equipment maintenance will be those prescribed by DA Pam 738-750 as contained in Maintenance Management Air Force personnel will use AFR 66-1 Update. for maintenance reporting and TO-00-35D54 for unsatisfactory equipment reporting. Navy personnel will report maintenance performed Maintenance utilizing the Data Collection Subsystem (MDCS) IAW OPNAVINST 4790.2, Vol. 3, and unsatisfactory material/conditions (UR submissions) IAW OPNAVINST 4790.2, Vol. 2, chapter 17.

b. Report of Packaging and Handling Deficiencies. Fill out and forward SF 364 (Report of Discrepancy (ROD)) as prescribed in AR 735-11-2/DLAR 4140. 55/NAVMATINST 4355.73A/AFR 400-54/MCO 4430.3F.

c. Discrepancy in Shipment Report (DISREP) (SF 361). Fill out and forward Discrepancy in Shipment Report (DISREP) (SF 361) as prescribed in AR 55-38/NAVSUPINST 4610.33C/AFR 75-18/MCO P4610.19D/DLAR 4500.15.

1-4. Reporting Equipment Improvement Recommendations (EIR)

a. *Army*. If your Telephone Signal Converter CV-3478/TTC needs improvement, let us know. Send us an EIR. You, the user, are the only one who can tell us what you don't like about your equipment. Let us know why you don't like the design. Put it on an SF 368 (Quality Deficiency Report). Mail it to Commander, US Army Communications-Electronics Command and Fort Monmouth, ATTN: DRSEL-ME-MP, Fort Monmouth, NJ 07703-5007. We'll send you a reply.

b. *Air Force*. Air Force personnel are encouraged to submit EIR's in accordance with AFR 900-4.

c. *Navy.* Navy personnel are encouraged to submit EIR's through their local Beneficial Suggestion Program.

1-5. Administrative Storage

Administrative Storage of equipment issued to and used by Army activities will have preventive maintenance performed in accordance with the PMCS procedures listed in TM 11-5805-715-12. When removing the equipment from administrative storage, the PMCS should be performed to assure operational readiness. Disassembly and repacking of equipment for shipment of limited storage are also covered in TM 11-5805-715-12.

1-6. Destruction of Army Electronics Materiel

Destruction of Army electronics materiel to prevent enemy use shall be in accordance with TM 750-244-2.

Section II. DESCRIPTION AND DATA

1-7. Purpose and Use

The NATO Interface Unit (NIU) is a means to connect national telecommunications systems which use different signaling techniques. For a cross- national connection, two NIU's are required, each of which accepts one national standard and converts it to the NATO standard (fig. 1-2). The NIU described in this manual converts the 2600-Hz SF

signaling (dial pulse) and supervision used by the AN/TTC-39 circuit switch to the NATO standard dc signaling. Conversion between the 4-wire system on the circuit switch side of the NIU and the 6-wire system used on the NATO standard side is also accomplished.

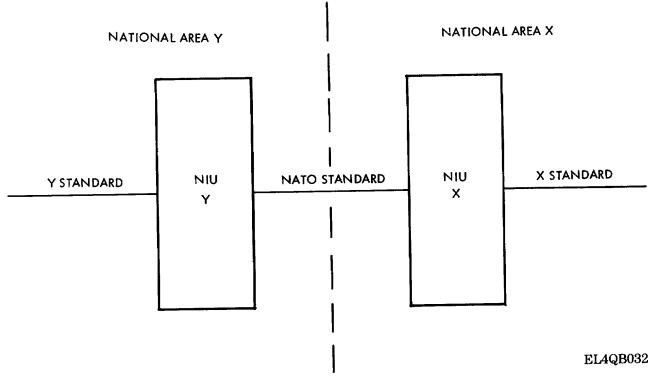
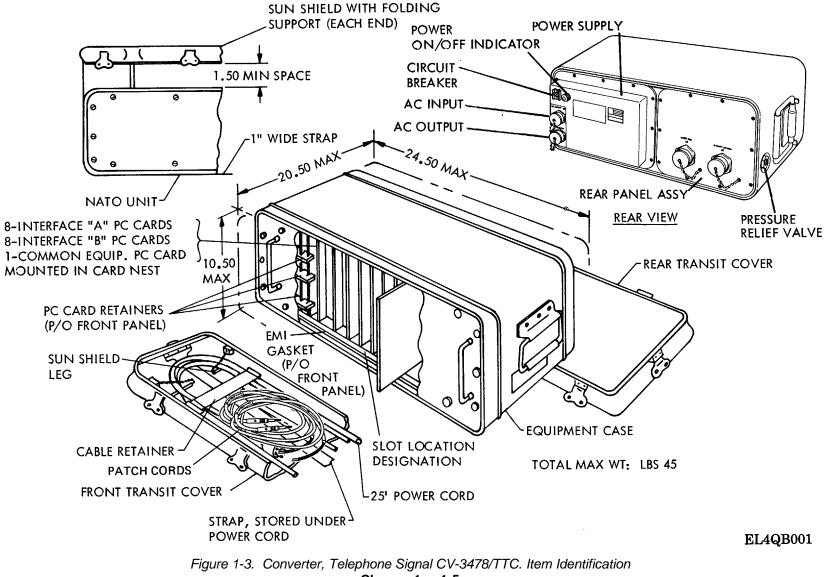


Figure 1-2. Cross-National Connection.

1-8. Description

The NIU consists of a printed circuit card nest containing 17 plug-in circuit cards, a connector plate assembly which carries the backplane wiring, internal signal and power cabling, and a sealed, multi voltage dc power supply (fig. FO-6). All assemblies are enclosed in an equipment case as shown in figure 1-3. The front panel of the unit is secured by captive thumbscrews located around its periphery (fig. 1-4). An EMI gasket attached to this panel forms an effective seal when the panel is in place. Removing the front panel provides access to the replaceable plug-in printed circuit cards. The cards are held in position by retaining bars which are molded into the inside of the panel. Front and rear contour-molded, high impact transit covers provide a watertight seal, and are sufficiently rugged to eliminate special handling or tiedown re quirements. Each transit cover is equipped with quick release, turn-locking, cam-action latches. As shown in figure 1-3, the front transit cover doubles as a sun shield by utilizing the four legs stored inside the cover. The front transit cover also provides storage for the ac power cord.



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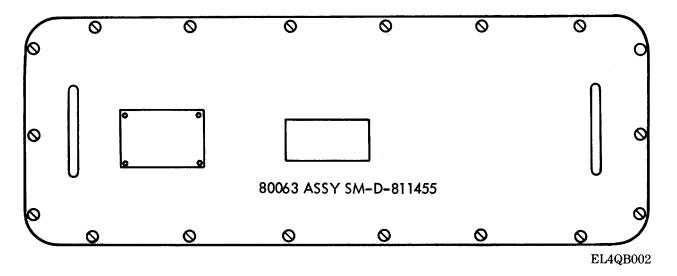


Figure 1-4. Front Panel.

Power and signal connections are made at the rear of the case. As illustrated in figure 1-5, signaling and voice traffic connections are made through RFI shielded connectors J2 (circuit switch) and J1 (NATO box). Operating power is supplied by a replaceable self-contained, sealed power supply which is mounted on the back of the unit (fig. 1-5). Input power is supplied through the ac input connector on the power supply. The ac output connector is used to connect a winterizing kit for operating the NIU under conditions of extreme cold.

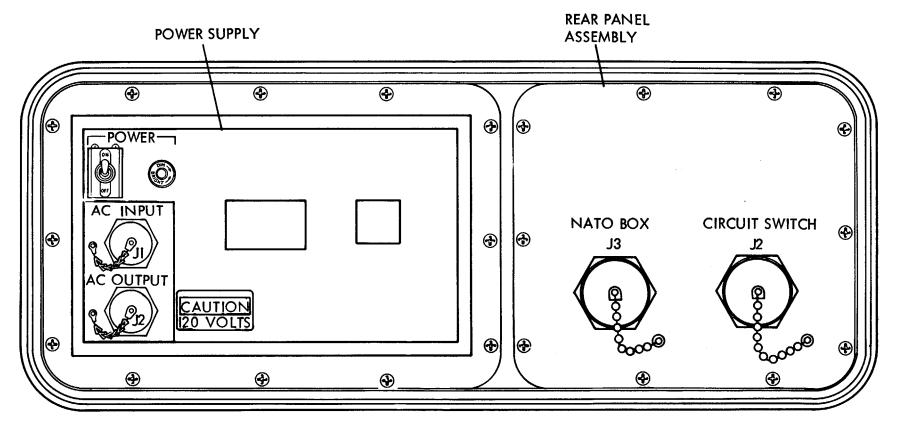


Figure 1-5. Rear Panel

All circuit components are mounted on printed circuit cards which are conformal coated for protection against moisture, dust, and other contaminants. Two circuit cards per channel, one for transmit and one for receive, provide the NIU with an 8-channel capability. One additional circuit card, common to all channels, supplies the 2600-Hz signaling frequency, 1050-Hz test frequency, and the 32-kHz and 500-Hz clocks. The NIU is designed to operate unattended and has no external operator controls other than a circuit breaker located on the power supply. Those controls required for the initial adjustment of signal level and for testing are located directly on the individual printed circuit cards.

1-9. Technical Characteristics

- a. Power
 - Input voltage: 115 volts ac 50, 60, or 400 Hz single phase 1. 0 amp (max.)
- b. Transmission Characteristics. Insertion loss: With the transmit and receive gain adjustment equal to 0 dB; a dB ± 0.5 dB measured with a 900-Hz test tone at -4 dBm.
 - Harmonic distortion:
 - 35 dB minimum of any single test frequency between 300 to 3400 Hz (test frequency power at - 4 dBm). 900-Hz test tone at + 4 dBm
 - Limiting: 900-Hz test tone at + 4 dBn from the NIU not limited.
 - Amplitude vs. Frequency

All frequencies between 300 response:Hz and 3400 Hz will be within \pm 1.0 dB with respect to attenuation of 900 Hz (3-dB points below 275 Hz and above 3500 Hz).

Envelope delay 25 microsec and between distortion: 600 Hz and 3200 Hz (band elimination filter removed from circuit). Noise: Idle channel noise -52.7 dBmp max or 5.2 nwp (37.3 dBrnC). Crosstalk: 55 dB minimum between transmit and receive at any frequency between 300 Hz and 3400 Hz; 70 dB minimum between different channels in the NIU; 65 dB minimum between signaling and traffic channels. Terminal impedance: 600 ohms resistive: Return loss 18 dB minimum between 300 Hz and 3400 Hz (reference to 600-ohm load). Longitudinal balance: 40 dB minimum from 300 Hz to 3400 Hz. Rise and fall time: 5 msec maximum measured (DC signaling) at receiver end. c. Environmental Characteristics. Temperature (operating): -50 degrees F to + 125 dearees F. Temperature -70 degrees to 160 degrees (nonoperating): F. Humidity: 0 to 100 percent. Altitude (operating): Sea level to 10,000 feet. Altitude (nonoperating): Sea level to 40,000 feet. d. Electrical Characteristics. HI-level receiver: Input level: -16 dbm to -4 dbm -10 dbm ±1.5 db (transmit tolerance) -10 dbm ± 4.5 db (facility tolerance) at the 2600 Hz signaling frequency. LO-level receiver: Input level: -31 dbm to - 13 dbm at the 2600 Hz signaling

frequency.

1-8

1-10. Items Comprising an Operable Equipment.

The items comprising an operable equipment are listed in table 1-1.

Table 1-1. Major Item Configuration

			Dimensio	ns (in.)		Weight
Part. No.	Item	Quantity	Height	Depth	Width	(lb.)
	Converter, Telephone Signal CV- 3478/					
	TTC consisting of:					
SM-D-810470	Converter	1	10.50	20.50	24.50	45
SM-D-812377	Power Cable - 25 ft.	1				
SM-D-811235	Signal Cable Assembly U-186(B)/G -	1				
011200	25 ft.	1				
SM-D-811746	Signal Cable Assembly U-185(B)/G - 25 ft.	1				
SM-D-811745	Electrical Cable Assembly CX-13099 ()/GT (NATO Crossover) - 25 ft.	1				
SM-A-838684- 71	Electrical Cord Assembly	2				

CHAPTER 2

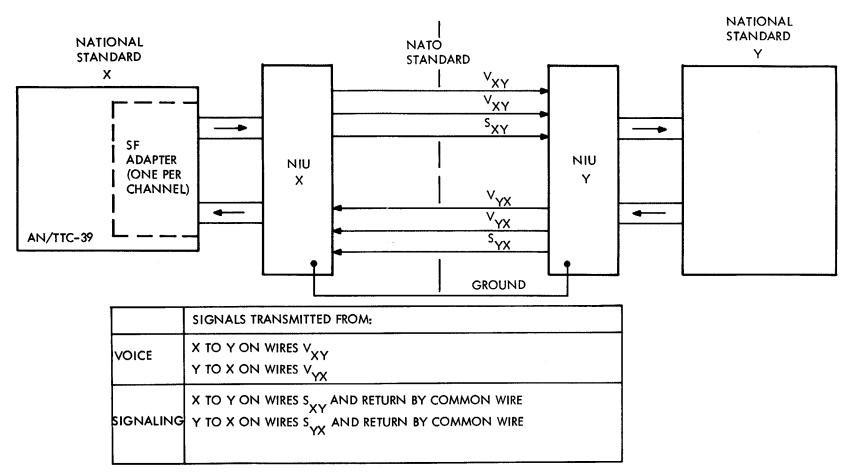
FUNCTIONING OF EQUIPMENT

2-1. Scope

This chapter presents the functional description of the NIU. A simplified functional block diagram of the NIU is shown in figure FO-2. The diagram illustrates the transmit path and receive path and is described in the following paragraphs.

2-2. Functional Description

The basic function of the NIU is to convert the AN/TTC-38 2600-Hz single frequency (SF) signaling (dial tone) and supervision to the NATO standard dc. The NIU interfaces with the Circuit Switch AN/ TTC-39 on one side and with a foreign NIU on the other as shown in figure 2-1. The unit connects with four wires to the SF adapter within the AN/ TTC-39 as shown. It presents six wires to the foreign NIU: four wires for voice transmission, V_{YX} and V_{XY} ; and two wires for signaling, S_{YX} and S_{XY} .



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The NIU contains eight identical channels. Each channel is interfaced with a single frequency (SF) adapter channel in the AN/TTC-39 and operates in the transmit and receive modes. Two printed circuit cards are used per channel; one for receive (NIU-A) and one for transmit (NIU-B2). A common equipment circuit card (NIU-CE) (common to all channels) provides the 2600 Hz signal frequency, the 1050 Hz test frequency and the 512 kHz timing oscillator reference (refer to fig. FO-5).

2-3. Transmit Path

(fig. FO-2)

The transmit input from the foreign NIU is applied on circuit card NIU-B2 (fig. FO-3). The transmit control logic receives commands from the foreign NIU over signal line S_{YX} . The state of this line is sensed by inverter amplifier U16 at the transmit path input. This line will be in one of two conditions as follows:

S _{YX}	Command
<u><</u> 4 mA	ON-HOOK
<u><</u> 4 mA	OFF-HOOK

The voltage is referenced to the common wire between the two NIU's. Upon receipt of ON-HOOK, the transmit control logic will enable the transmission of 2600 Hz tone to the circuit switch via operational amplifiers U13 and U14. The 2600 Hz tone is transmitted at a level of -10 dBm \pm 1.5 db for 500 msec., or until OFF-HOOK is received, whichever comes first. If OFF-HOOK has not been received when the time-out occurs, the 2600 Hz tone will continue to be sent at -22 dbm \pm 1.5 db (low level) until OFF-HOOK is received. The 2600 Hz tone is routed to the transmit control logic by toggle switch S1. This switch is mounted on the transmit circuit card and, when closed, connects the tone from the common equipment circuit card (NIU-CE) to transmit controller U12. With S1 in the open position, the transmit channel is held in the SEIZE state for test purposes.

Voice traffic in the transmit direction is routed to sum amplifier U13 in Ione V_{YX} . This amplifier also accepts 2600 Hz signaling from the transmit control logic. The output of U13 is applied to transmit adjust amplifier U14 via R21 which provides variable gain to compensate for line losses between the NIU and the circuit switch. Test points J2 and J3 at the output of transmit adjust amplifier U14 allow the signal level to be monitored. A 1050 Hz test tone, generated on the common equipment card and applied to sum amplifier U13 via toggle switch S2, facilitates the line loss compensation adjustment. When power is first applied to the NIU, the power on clear circuitry consisting of Q1, U4 and U6 applies a signal to the transmit control logic (U12) which ensures that the transmit path is in the ON-HOOK low-level state.

2-4. Receive Path

(fig. FO-2)

The receive path consists of a dual level (high and low level) 2600 Hz SF receiver with logic and timing, receive gain adjust circuitry, and a 2600 Hz band elimination filter with control to restrict the signaling tone to a single trunk. The signal input from the circuit switch is applied on circuit card NIU-A (fig. FO-4).

2-5. SF Receiver

The purpose of the SF receiver is to detect and report the presence of high- or low-level 2600 Hz tone (SEIZE or RELEASE) from the circuit switch. Initial onset of signal tone (2600 Hz) is recognized only as a long duration of high-level tone. Initial onset of low-level or of high-level tone of duration less than that specified is ignored by the receiver logic. Voice simulation of the 2600 Hz signaling tone is prevented by employing the limiter capture effect in the dual level (high- and low-level) SF receiver channel. The limiter capture technique of signal detection provides a precisely fixed value amplitude square wave at the output of amplifier U11. If the square wave which is impressed upon the 2600 Hz bandpass filter FLIB has a large enough 2600 Hz component, a 2600 Hz sine wave of sufficient amplitude to pass the threshold level of

comparator U9B will be generated and will trigger detector U4. Line loss compensation between the NIU and the circuit switch is provided by R3 in conjunction with operational amplifier U1. When the receiver is operating in the low-level sensitivity mode, high-pass filter U2 is switched in ahead of gain adjust amplifier U3 to remove audible information tones such as ring back and busy which are superimposed on the low-level signaling tone. If not prevented from reaching the limiter input, these tones would capture the receiver, preventing recognition of the SF signaling tone and resulting in a false OFF-HOOK indication. Toggle switch S1 is mounted on the NIU-A receive circuit card and allows the 1050 Hz test tone to be inserted into the SF receiver. Test points J2 and J3 at the output of amplifier U7 allow the signal level out of the receive card to be monitored. Toggle switch S2 allows the receiver logic to be manually cleared (low-level tone being received) in the event a long duration fade occurs. Because the receiver logic only responds to a high level tone once it has recognized a valid OFF-HOOK condition, the termination of the fade would not normally be reported. Power on clear circuitry consisting of Q2 and U13 provides the same function when power is first applied to the NIU.

2-6. Receive Logic and Timing

(fig. FO-2)

The receive logic and timing provides an initial guarding interval of time before considering the absence of low-level 2600-Hz tone valid. This provides protection against radio fades. In addition to reporting the absence of low-level SF tone, the receive logic also switches the channel sensitivity from low-level to high-level by switching analog gate U6B on and U6C off. Thirty milliseconds after the initial 140 millisecond integration period during which low-level SF tone is not present, the receive logic starts to track the incoming SF signal. Once tracking has commenced, the absence of high level SF tone is regarded as the OFF-HOOK or SEIZE state and the presence of high-level SF tone is regarded as the ON-HOOK or RELEASE state. The receive logic stops tracking and switches the receiver sensitivity back to low-level (U6C on and U6B off) after receiving high-level SF tone for a minimum of 260 msec. The ON-HOOK state will be maintained until the low-level SF tone is absent (OFF-HOOK) again for at least 140 msec. The ON-HOOK and OFF-HOOK state condition is passed to the foreign NIU over X_{xy} as follows:

State	Resistance Into S_{XY}
ON-HOOK	> 100 kohms

OFF-HOOK < 100 ohms

No state change will pass unless the duration exceeds 22 msec as determined by the integrator circuit consisting of U1, U7, and U8 located on the transmit card. False state changes are, thus, prevented from being sent across the interface.

2-7. Band Elimination Filter (BEF) (fig. FO-2)

The band elimination filter FL1A restricts the SF signaling tone (2600 Hz) to a single trunk and is switched in and out of the receive path by analog gates U6D and U6E under control of the receive logic (signal processor U6A). The BEF also prevents the subscriber from hearing the SF signaling tone mixed with audible information signals or recorded announcements. The BEF is inserted into the transmission path within 35 msec of receipt of the SF tone from amplifier U1 and removed within 25 msec of absence of the SF tone. The BEF is inserted when either the high tone is present or the low tone is present and not being tracked by the logic. The BEF is removed at all other times.

2-8. Timing Circuits (fig. FO-5)

The clock signals required to operate the receive and transmit logic in the NIU are generated on common equipment card NIU-CE. The 32 kHz and 500 Hz clock frequencies are derived from the 512 kHz reference oscillator Z3 and 4-bit counters U1. U2 and U3. The 32 kHz and 500 Hz clocks are applied to 4-bit counter U10 and decoder U5 on circuit card NIU-B2. The clock signals are then applied to signal processor U6A on card NIU-A and transmit controller U12 on circuit card NIU-B2. A power on clear circuit, Q1 and U4A, permits resetting the clock logic to the idle state during system startup.

2-9. Signal and Test Generators (fig. FO-5)

The 2600 Hz signaling frequency and 1050 Hz test frequency are generated on common equipment card NIU-CE by crystal oscillators Z1 and Z2 respectively and applied to receive card NIU-A and transmit card NIU-B2 as described in paragraphs 2-3 and 2-4.

2-10. Call Processing

The following paragraphs define the operational requirements for processing calls through the NIU.

a. Low-Level 2600 Hz Input (ON-HOOK). A low-level 2600 Hz signal is input at amplifier U1 on receive circuit card NIU-A. The gain of amplifier U1 adjusts the overall sensitivity of the receive path. The amplifier output is routed through highpass filter U2 to gain adjust amplifier U3 and to limiter Q1, U9A. The limiter outputs a square wave replica of the analog signal to amplifier U11, which converts the uncontrolled amplitude of the limiter out- put to the very precisely controlled amplitude required for input into bandpass filter FLIB. The out- put of the filter is detected by comparator U9B which triggers one-shot U4. When triggered, the output of U4 goes to the true state (high), reporting the presence of valid 2600 Hz tone to signal processor U6A. Under control of the signal processor, band elimination filter FLIA (centered at 2600 Hz) is switched into the voice path through analog gate U6E, and the SEIZE line at J1-32 (NIU-A) goes high. This level is applied to the integrator circuit (U1, U7, U8) on transmit circuit card NIU-B2 which, after the required timeout, causes signal line SXY (J1-42) to go low (Q2 off).

b. No Low-Level 2600 Hz Input (OFF-HOOK). The absence of low-level (2600 Hz) switches analog gates U6B on and U6C off on command from signal processor U6A. The NATO switch is anticipating receipt of either dial digit or release (high-level 2600 Hz) for a period of time. Detector output U4 goes low. Output J 1-32 of NIU-A goes low and J 1-42 of NIU-B2 goes high (Q2 on). Signal processor U6A switches U6D on and U6E off.

c. Dial Pulsing from Circuit Switch. When the input signal is high level and less than release time, U6B remains on and U6C remains off (highlevel detection). Detector output U4 goes high and J 1-32 is high. Analog gate U6D is switched off and U6E is switched on. When the input has no signal (no 2600 Hz), detector output U4 and J1-32 go low. Analog gate U6E is switched off and U6D is switched on d. Dial Pulsing from NA TO (Transmit Path). The NIU receives a signal on J1-76 (card NIU-B2) for dial pulse reception from foreign NATO. The signal is inverted by U16 and the output (OFF-HOOK or ON-HOOK) applied to one-shot U15. When the S_{YX} signal line goes high (O volts), transmit controller U12 inhibits high-level 2600 Hz. When the S_{YX} signal goes low (-26 volts), transmit controller U12 enables high-level 2600 Hz. An ON-HOOK or OFF-HOOK signal is then amplified by U14 and applied to the circuit switch.

e. Release (ON-HOOK). The input received is high-level (2600 Hz) for greater than 260 msec, followed by low-level 2600 Hz. Detector U4 (receive card NIU-A) output goes high and signal processor U6A times the presence of high-level 2600 Hz tone. Analog gate U6B is switched off and U6C is switched on. Analog gate U6D is switched off and U6E is switched on. When timeout for release is satisfied, J1-32 of card NIU-A goes high and J1-42 of card NIU-B goes low, indicating ON-HOOK.

2-11. Supervision

There are no direct control lines to the NIU. Supervision is provided indirectly by program (software) control of the SF adapters, located in the circuit switch, which, through the presence or absence of 2600 Hz signaling tone, exerts control over the NIU. The following paragraphs define the processing required to effect proper operation of the NIU.

a. Incoming Seizure from Foreign NIU.

(1) The foreign NIU sends SEIZE on S_{YX} to the local NIU.

(2) The local NIU sends SEIZE (absence of low-level 2600 Hz) on the transmit pair to the associated SF adapter in the circuit switch.

(3) SEIZE is detected by the dc scanner serving the SF adapter and the CPU is notified.

(4) The CPU waits approximately 1200 msec and then returns OFF-HOOK command (SEIZE ACKNOWLEDGE) to the SF adapter.

(5) The SF adapter sends SEIZE ACKNOWLEDGE (absence of low-level 2600 Hz) to the NIU receive pair. (6) The local NIU returns SEIZE ACKNOWLEDGE on S_{XY} to the foreign NIU.

b. Incoming Release from Foreign NIU.

(1) The foreign NIU sends RELEASE on $S_{\mbox{\scriptsize YX}}$ to the local NIU.

(2) The local NIU sends RELEASE (500msec burst of high-level tone, then continuous low-level 2600 Hz) on the transmit pair to the associated SF adapter in the circuit switch. (3) The dc scanner in the circuit switch detects RELEASE and notifies the CPU. (4) The CPU waits approximately 530 msec and then returns ON-HOOK (RELEASE ACKNOWLEDGE) to the SF adapter unless SEIZE is received from the dc scanner during the timeout. (5) The SF adapter sends RELEASE AC KNOWLEDGE (500 msec burst of highlevel tone, then continuous low-level 2600 Hz) to the NIU receive pair. (6) The local NIU returns RELEASE AC-KNOWLEDGE on SXY to the foreign NIU.

c. Outgoing Seizure .from Circuit Switch.

(1) The circuit switch CPU sends OFF-HOOK command to the SF adapter serving the selected NIU trunk.

(2) The circuit switch SF adapter sends SEIZE (absence of low-level 2600 Hz) to the NIU receive pair.

(3) The local NIU sends SEIZE on $S_{\rm XY}$ to the foreign NIU.

(4) The foreign NIU returns SEIZE AC-KNOWLEDGE on S_{YX} to the local NIU. (5) The local NIU sends SEIZE

ACKNOWLEDGE (absence of low-level 2600 Hz) to the associated SF adapter in the circuit switch.

(6) The circuit switch dc scanner serving the SF adapter detects SEIZE ACKNOWLEDGE (reported by the SF adapter as a SEIZE) and notifies the CPU. d. Outgoing Release from Circuit Switch.
(1) The circuit switch CPU sends ON-HOOK command to the SF adapter serving the selected NIU trunk.

(2) The SF adapter sends RELEASE (500 msec burst of high-level tone, then continuous low-level 2600 Hz) to the NIU receive pair. (3) The local NIU sends RELEASE on S_{XY} to the foreign NIU.

(4) The foreign NIU returns RELEASE AC-KNOWLEDGE on S_{YX} to the local NIU.
(5) The local NIU sends RELEASE ACKNOWLEDGE (500 msec burst of high-level tone, then continuous low-level 2600 Hz) to the associated circuit switch SF adapter.
(6) The circuit switch dc scanner detects RE-LEASE ACKNOWLEDGE (reported by the SF adapter as a RELEASE) and notifies the CPU.

2-12. Power Supply Input Protection

The power input protection is provided by a circuit breaker which trips whenever the input current exceeds 150 percent of nominal value. Output protection, except for -28 vdc circuitry, is provided by crowbar circuitry which actuates whenever an out- put exceeds 125 percent of nominal load internal rated value. The crowbar resets upon removal of in- put power.

CHAPTER 3

DIRECT SUPPORT MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

Section I. GENERAL

3-1. Introduction

Maintenance of the NIU is performed at four levels: organizational, direct support, general support and depot. This chapter provides instructions for direct support maintenance only. Direct support maintenance is performed by those maintenance activities designated to support the using emphasizes organization and corrective maintenance at the equipment site. Direct support personnel perform maintenance corrective maintenance on items which are identified as faulty by organizational maintenance personnel, but are beyond their capability to correct using the maintenance resources authorized at the organizational maintenance level. Direct sup-port maintenance personnel also provide technical assistance to the using organization in all areas which require skills and training that are beyond the capabilities of the organizational maintenance personnel. Direct support maintenance is limited to the

activities described below:

a. Visually inspect components for evidence of potential failure conditions such as lack of cleanliness, improper seating of connectors, loose hard- ware or other items, discoloration due to excessive heat, frayed cables or wiring, or bent wire wrap pins. Correction of observed conditions is to be accomplished as necessary at the time of observance by the maintenance level authorized to perform the task.

b. Replace an unserviceable subassembly, module, assembly or unit with a like subassembly, module, assembly or unit.

c. Perform the repairs required to correct a specific failure or unserviceable condition and restore an item to a serviceable condition. This function includes soldering, wire wrap, or cable replacement.

Section II. TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

3-2. Tools and Test Equipment

Tools and test equipment required to perform the maintenance procedures given in this chapter are listed in the maintenance allocation chart in appendix B of TM 11-5805-715-12. The test equipment listed in the table are authorized for use by inter- mediate level personnel. Any tools or test equipment authorized for use at the organizational level are also authorized for use by intermediate level.

3-3. Repair Parts

Repair parts and accessories authorized for use by intermediate level maintenance for the NIU are listed in the repair parts and special tools list (TM 11-5805-715-34P)

Section III. TROUBLESHOOTING

3-4. General

This section provides the fault isolation and detailed troubleshooting procedures required to identify and correct a malfunction. The troubleshooting procedures are divided into two categories. These are: (1) verification of a fault indicated by organizational maintenance, and (2) subsequent troubleshooting procedures which may be either organizational or direct support level. Verification of organizational maintenance action is required to determine if the malfunction is correctable using organizational level procedures and, if the problem has not been found, the fault requires direct support troubleshooting procedures to locate it. Perform the following procedures to verify the organizational maintenance actions:

a. Review organizational maintenance records to determine which circuit card assemblies have been replaced.

b. Review the reported malfunction with the cognizant organizational personnel. Ascertain the troubleshooting results and actions taken.

c. Based upon the results of a. and b. above, per- form such corrective maintenance at direct support as required.

3-5. Voltage and Resistance Measurements

Voltage, resistance, and continuity measurements are made by direct support maintenance for troubleshooting faults which cannot be resolved or repaired by organizational level maintenance. Normally such faults are traceable to wiring or chassis- mounted components. Use the wire run lists (tables 3-2 through 3-7), and foldout diagrams FO-1, FO-3, FO-4, FO-5, and FO-6 to support this troubleshooting. Channel assignment input/output breakout connections for the J-box U-185/J-1077 pairs are shown in table 3-4.

3-6. Direct Support Operational Check

Upon completion of repairs within the system, perform appropriate tests to verify the corrective actions. The tests should be localized around the faulted area (for example, a faulty channel). Coordinate the transmit and receive level adjustments outlined in TM 11-5805-715-12.

3-7. Connector Plate Assembly Maintenance

The connector plate assembly provides the interface connections between the individual printed circuit cards within the unit. It also provides input/ output signal connections which interface the unit with the rear panel and power supply. The 76-pin card connectors are mounted vertically with the pins feeding through holes to the wire wrap side. The 70-pin signal and power connectors are horizontally. mounted All connector interconnections are accomplished using wire wrap terminations. Connector plate failures will result in the same type of failure indications as failed cards, but will not be corrected by card replacement. The majority of connector plate failures can be isolated and corrected by direct support personnel using visual inspection, continuity checks, and wire lists.

a. Connector Plate Assembly Removal.

(1) Remove all plug-in circuit cards from the card assembly nest. Refer to circuit card removal outlined in TM 11-5805-715-12.

(2) Remove power supply by performing step a (1) through (6) of paragraph 3-11.
(3) Using a flathead screwdriver, release the two jackscrews securing P3(J7) to the connector plate assembly. Remove power supply.

(4) Remove rear panel by performing step a of paragraph 3-10. Place rear panel to the side.

(5) Using a flathead screwdriver, remove 16 screws securing the connector plate assembly to the frame and remove the connector plate assembly from the equipment case.

(6) Refer to paragraph 3-8 to perform maintenance on the connector plate assembly.

b. Connector Plate Assembly Installation.

(1) Install connector plate assembly using the 16 screws removed in paragraph 3-7, step a (5).

(2) Connect P1(J5) and P2(J6) from rear panel to connector plate and tighten jackscrews.

(3) Secure rear panel with the ten screws removed in paragraph 3-10, step a (3).

(4) Connect P3(J7) from power supply to connector plate and tighten jackscrews.

(5) Secure power supply using the 12

screws removed in paragraph 3-11, step a (5).

(6) Connect signal cable from AN/TTC-39 circuit switch to J2 and signal cable from NATO to J3.

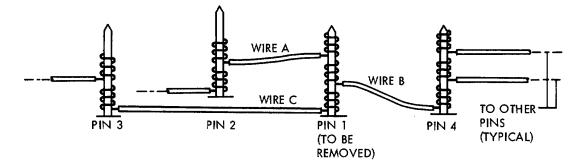
(7) Connect the ac power cable to the power supply AC INPUT connector.

3-8. Pyramiding Wire Replacement

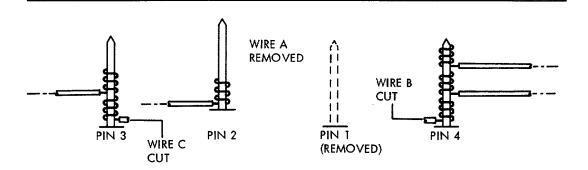
When new wiring must be installed, the degree of pyramiding must first be determined before proceeding. The general restrictions are:

a. A wire that has been unwrapped cannot be re- wrapped. If an adequate service loop is available, the wire can be clipped and rewrapped; if not, a new wire must be installed. b. No more than three wires can be wrapped on a single pin; a wire that has been clipped off and left in place counts as one of the three.

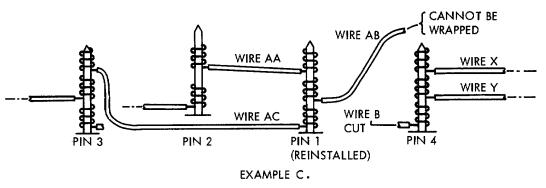
c. Unwrapping a clipped wire and sliding the top- most wire(s) down is not permissible. An example is provided in figure 3-1 of a case where a pin must be replaced as shown in figure 3-1, example A. Wires A, B, and C must be removed to remove pin 1. Figure 3-1, example B, shows the wires removed; and figure 3-1, example C, shows the new wires (AA and AC) installed, with the exception of wire AB to pin 4. Since three connections are already in place (X, Y, and B cutend), these three connections must be removed to permit wrapping wire AB. However, if wires X and Y were to be replaced, a pyramiding condition could be encountered where it may become impractical and too time consuming to replace all other affected wires; i.e., all other wires related to wires X and Y replacement. A judgment is then necessary before starting to replace any wire, whether connector plate repair or replacement should be undertaken.







EXAMPLE B.



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Figure 3-1. Pyramiding Wire replacement Example.

When the fault requires extensive repair, i.e., broken connector and pyramiding wire replacement (fig. 3-1), the connector plate must be removed by direct support

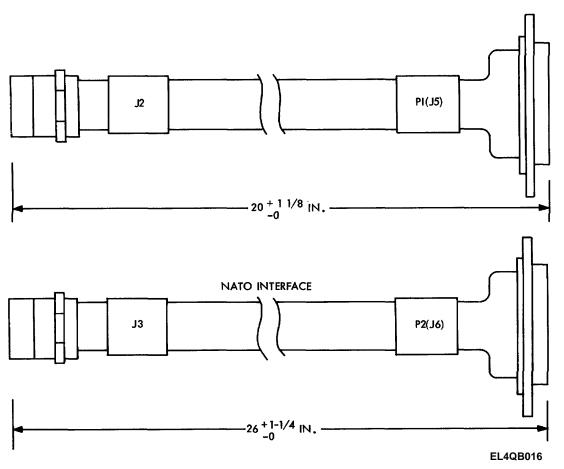
personnel for repair at the depot facility. Refer to paragraph 3-7 for removal and replacement procedures for the connector plate assembly.

3-9. Interface Cable Maintenance

Intermediate maintenance of interface cables used with the NIU (figs. FO-7, FO-8 and FO-9) consists of removal and replacement when inspection or test discloses that a cable is damaged. Wire run lists for the signal cables are given in tables 3-2 and 3-3.

3-10. Internal Signal Cable Maintenance (fig. 3-2)

Maintenance of the internal signal cables consists of removal and replacement of connector pins on P1(J5) and P2(J6). Connectors J2 and J3 are nonrepairable. To perform maintenance on the internal signal cables proceed as follows:



AN/TTC-39 INTERFACE

Figure 3-2. Internal Signal Interface Cables.

a. Rear Panel Removal.

(1) Ensure that the circuit breaker on the power supply is set to OFF.

(2) Disconnect the signal cables from connectors J2 and J3 (Fig. 1-5).

(3) Remove the ten screws and washers securing rear panel.

(4) Release the four jackscrews (two each) securing P1(J5) and P2(J6) and disconnect from connector plate assembly. Remove rear panel.
(5) Remove clinch nuts securing connectors J2 and J3 to rear panel and

remove cable assembly.

b. Connector Pin Removal. To remove broken pin from connector, insert extraction tool 91093-1 over connector pin and push out.

c. Connector Pin Replacement. To replace connector pin, perform the following steps: (1) Crimp connector pin to harness wire with crimping tool 90222-2.

(2) Insert connector pin into connector using a pair of needle nose pliers.(3) Place cable assembly on rear panel and secure panel connector with clinch nuts. Replace rear panel, step d.

 d. Rear Panel Replacement.
 (1) Connect P1(J5)/P2(J6) from rear panel to connector plate assembly and tighten jack- screws.

(2) Secure rear panel with the ten screws and washers removed in paragraph 3-10, step a (3).

3-11. Internal Power Cable Maintenance

(fig. 3-3)

Maintenance of the internal power cable consists of removal and replacement of connector pins on P3(J7). To perform maintenance on the internal power cable proceed as follows:

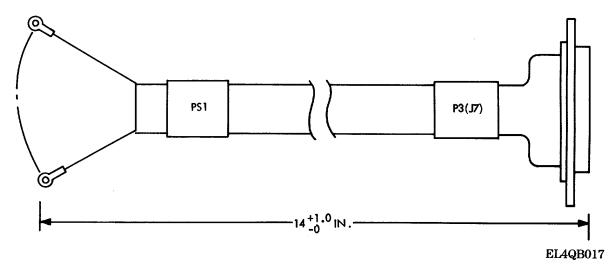


Figure 3-3. Internal Power Interface Cable.

- a. Power Supply Removal (fig. 1-5).
 - (1) Set the circuit breaker to OFF.
 - (2) Ensure that the external power source is deenergized.
 - (3) Disconnect the ac power cable from
 - the power supply AC INPUT connector.

(4) Fasten dust caps on respective connectors.

(5) Remove the 12 screws and washers which secure the power supply to the rear panel of the NIU equipment case.

(6) Carefully pull out the power supply and place it face down.

(7) Remove all wire lug leads from the terminal boards (fig. 3-4) of the power supply with a suitable flathead screwdriver and replace screws and washers in the terminal boards.
(8) Release the two jackscrews securing P3(J7) and disconnect from connector plate assembly and remove cable assembly.

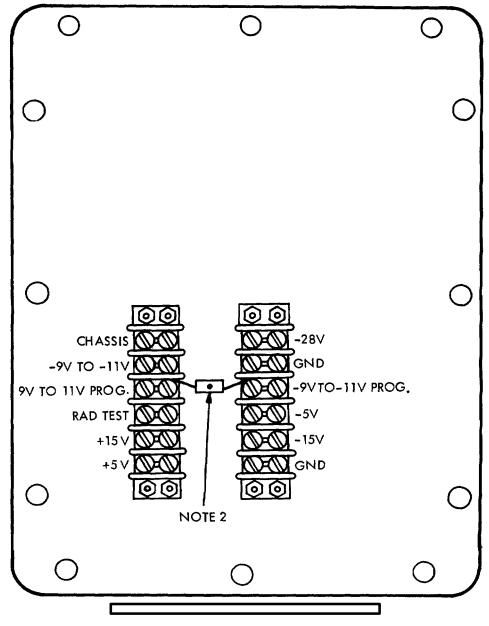


Figure 3-4. Power Supply Terminal Connections

- NOTE 1. ALL POWER SUPPLY OUTPUTS ARE ISOLATED FROM CHASSIS GROUND.
 - 2. SELECT PROGRAMMING RESISTOR (NOMINAL 130 OHMS) TO PROVIDE -10V 4 10% AT -9V TO -1IV OUTPUT.

EL4QB023

3-7

b. Connector Pin Removal. To remove broken pin

from connector, insert extraction tool 91093-1 over connector pin and push out.

c. Connector Pin Replacement. To replace connector pin, perform the following steps:

(1) Crimp connector pin to harness wire with crimping tool 90222-2.

(2) Insert connector pin into connector using a pair of needle nose pliers.(3) Connect P3(J7) to connector plate assembly and tighten jackscrews and

replace power supply, step d.*d. Power Supply Replacement.*(1) Place power supply to be installed face down in front of the rear panel.

CAUTION

Observe power supply identification on each wire. Ensure that wires are connected to the right power supply output terminal.

(2) Connect lug wires to terminal boards of power supply (fig. 3-4).

(3) Carefully insert power supply in place in the rear panel.

(4) Using a suitable Phillips screwdriver,

secure the twelve screws and washers which secure the power supply to the rear panel.

CAUTION

Ensure circuit breaker is on OFF position.

(5) Connect the ac power cable to the power supply AC INPUT connector.

3-12. Fabrication of Telephone Patch Cord Assembly

(fig. 3-5)

The fabrication of the telephone patch cord used in the telephone installation to the NIU (TM 11-5805-715-12) is described as follows:

- a. Use telephone patch cord assembly SM-A-838684-8.
- b. Cut off one bantam plug from cord as close to plug as possible.
- *c*. Strip nylon jacket back three inches as shown in figure 3-5.
- *d.* Cut the shield and tape end with electrical tape.
- e. Strip the two lead ends 3/4 of an inch and tin.

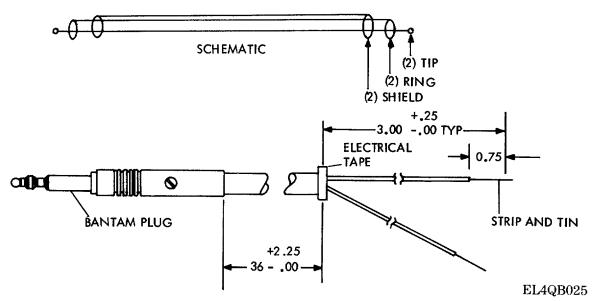


Figure 3-5. Telephone Patch Cord Assembly.

3-13. Wire Wrap Post Removal

a. Using unwrap wire tool No. 26-32 AWG, remove and tag only those wires that are necessary to allow replacement of defective wire wrap post.

b. Using extraction tool Teradyne No. 600-0001-000, remove defective wire wrap post by inserting tool over wire wrap post and gently tapping head of tool until post and nylon bushing fall free (fig. 3-6).

CAUTION

When extracting post and nylon bushing, make sure that both are recovered and do not fall into the equipment. Discard and do not reuse post or bushing.

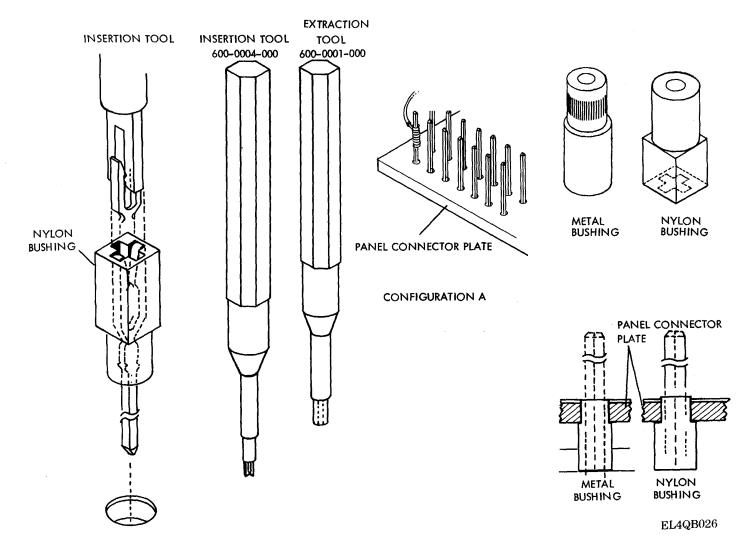


Figure 3-6. Typical Configurations for Wire Wrap Post Removal and Replacement.

3-14. Wire Wrap Post Replacement

CAUTION

Do not insert bushing and post simultaneously.

a. Insert nylon bushing into proper hole and gently tap bushing with insertion tool Teradyne No. 600-0004-000 for a snug press fit with bushing level to the other bushings.

b. Place post on insertion tool forks and insert into nylon bushing, making sure that the post fork is oriented in the same direction as all the other posts. Ensure that the post is in the bushing groove as shown in figure 3-6. Drive the post into the bushing by tapping the tool until the shoulder of the tool strikes the bushing.

c. A wire removed and tagged in paragraph 3-15 should not be reused unless there is enough excess length to allow cutting off the stripped end and re- stripping for wire wrapping. Replace the entire wire if necessary using wire wrap gun NSN 5120- 00-919-3486.

NOTE

More than one wire may have to be completely replaced when removing a wire wrap post.

3-15. Signal String List and Signal Location Tables

This paragraph contains the basic information necessary to know how to use tables 3-5 and 3-6 for troubleshooting. The ballooned numbers in the tables are used only for reference to the following definitions and explanation. It is extremely important that the steps in the subparagraphs for using the string list and signal location tables be strictly adhered to. Any deviation from these sequential steps could lead to confusion and the false assumption that the tables contain errors in signal name identification. Some names for the same signal may differ between the logic diagrams and the tables; however, the names are consistent within the string list and signal location tables. The reasons some signal names differ between the logic diagrams and the tables are as follows: a logic card may be used in different slots and/or twisted pair cables necessitate a variation in the signal names. Test points or

spare and unused connections on the logic diagrams do not appear in the tables.

a. Signal Location Table (table 3-5). This list identified the signals at connector and circuit card pins.

(1) The connector reference designators (1) are horizontally in alphanumerical sequence. Item (2) lists the connectors in alphanumerical sequence for quick identification of the connectors contained on that page and to allow rapid scanning of the pages for location of the appropriate connector.

(2) The pin no. column 3 is arranged in numerical sequence and identifies the connector pin numbers. This column identifies the signal name associated with a particular logic circuit card connector for each pin. The signal information is read from right to left.

(3) The horizontal column (4) identifies the printed circuit card type code. For example, the first NIU-A column identifies the signal names for each pin of the NIU-A connector XA0002. Refer to table 3-1 to associate the card code with its part number.

(4) Identification of the abbreviations used in the tables:

(a) *in the PIN NO. column indicates multiple connections exist at the identified pin.

(b) N as a last character in the signal name indicates signal negation (low).

(c) A as last character in the signal name indicates A bus.

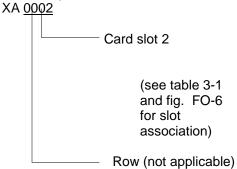
(d) B as last character in the signal name indicates B bus.

(e) R as last character in the signal name indicates ring.

(f) T as last character in the signal name indicates tip.

(g) J indicates jack type connector.

(h) XA indicates circuit card type connector followed by slot and pin reference designator; for example:



TM 11-5805-715-34/EE119-DB-MMI-010-E154 CV3478/TO 31W2-2TTC39-12

is part of a twisted pair.

b. Signal String List Table (table 3-6). This list identifies all signals at a connector and circuit card pin.

(1) Item (1) identifies the NATO interface unit assembly.

(2) The NET NAME column (2) identifies the signal names in alphanumerical sequence.

Channel Card Slot Part number Card type A2 SM-E-809647 **NIU-A** receive 1 A3 SM-E-810554 NIU-B2 transmit 2 A5 SM-E-809647 **NIU-A** receive A7 SM-E-810554 NIU-B2 transmit 3 A9 SM-E-809647 **NIU-A** receive A11 SM-E-810554 NIU-B2 transmit 4 SM-E-809647 **NIU-A** receive A13 SM-E-810554 NIU-B2 transmit A15 5 Sm-E-809647 A18 **NIU-A** receive NIU-B2 transmit A20 SM-E-810554 6 A22 SM-E-809647 **NIU-A** receive NIU-B2 transmit 24 SM-E-810554 7 A26 SM-E-809647 **NIU-A** receive A29 SM-E-810554 NIU-B2 transmit 8 A31 SM-E-809647 **NIU-A** receive A33 SM-E-810554 NIU-B2 transmit Common A43 SM-E-810540 NIU-CE common to all equipment channels

Table 3-1. NATO Interface Unit Circuit Card Location

(5) Identification of the abbreviations used in the table:

(a) N as the last character of the signal name indicates signal negation (low).

(b) A as the last character of the signal name indicates bus.

(c) B as the last character of the signal name indicates bus.

(d) J indicates jack type connector.

(e) XA indicates circuit card type connector followed by slot, pin reference designator, and (#); for example:

XA <u>00 03</u> - <u>0018</u> (#)

Pin No. 18

 Card Slot 3 (see table 3-1 and FO-6 for slot association)

_____ Row (not applicable)

c. How to Use the Tables for Signal Tracing.

(3) The card type connector and pin columns

(4) Item (4)column indicates that the signal

(3) identify all the connections to which a signal is connected. The connector/pin information is read

from right to left from the signal name.

NOTE

Read the important basic information and proceed with the following sequence of steps.

When tracing a signal, always proceed in the following sequence: from table 3-1 to the logic diagram; from the logic diagram to the signal location table (table 3-5); from the signal location table to the signal string list table (table 3-6). When the connection for a particular signal name in the signal string list table has been identified, return to table 3-1 for identification of the logic card type and proceed to locate the pin on the logic diagram for signal destination.

NOTE

For the reasons explained above in paragraph 3-16 (signal name differences) the signal name on the logic diagram should not be used to locate the signal name in the signal string list tables. Refer to tables 3-5 and 3-6 and follow the example steps below.

(1) The signal to be traced is from logic card NIU-A located on connector plate assembly nest, and slot number 9 (see table 3-1); therefore, connector XA 0009.

(2) Proceed to the logic diagram to determine that the signal to be traced is from J1 pin 25.

(3) Proceed to the signal location table (table 3-5) and locate pin 25 (0025 in the PIN NO. column). The signal name is PWRCL03 in the XA 0009 NIU-A column for pin 0025.

NOTE

Disregard the fact that the signal names differ from the names on the logic diagram.

(4) Proceed to the signal string list (table 3-6) and locate signal PWRCL03 in the NET NAME column. Reading from right to left, the destination other than to pin 0025 is to XA0011-0063.

(5) Proceed to the signal location table (table 3-5) and locate XA-0011 to determine that the signal goes to pin 63 of logic card NIU-B2.

3-16. Redundant Cable Run Lists

This paragraph provides information on how to use table 3-7 which contains redundant type listings for cable runs. A redundant format is used to facilitate wire tracing by also entering the "TO" information of the "LOCATION" or "MARKING" columns in the "FROM" column in alphanumeric sequence. Figure 3-7 contains a typical table which is explained in the following subparagraphs. Card field (CF) and ballooned numbered items are used for reference only.

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(3.2)		/			KŞQ	NO	TES	MARK ING	S STP	FND	LENGTH	NOTES		MARKING	S STP	FND S	C FUNCTION
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	053 053			56	BLK		4 44	Р45-В В	0.00	68	0.0	4	29	TB14-2A	100 0.00	68 1	6 DCRTN DCRTN
	053 053			146	инт		4 44	₽45-C C	0.00	68	0.0	4	29	TB14-3A	100 0.00	68 I	6 AIR Air
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	053 053	80	1	146	WHT		4 44	₽45-E E	0.00	68	0.0	4	29	T814-5A	100 0.00	68 1	L6 TEMP 1 Temp 1
	053 053	09	1		BLK		4 44	P45→F F	0.00	68	0.0	4	29	T814-6A	100 0.00	68 1	6 TEMP TEMP
	078 078			5	WHT	17	4 29	E32-E11A	117	73	0.0	4	17	N7P17-8 B	0.00	73 1	17 +5VLAHP +5VLAMP
	055 055			57	RED		4 29	N1T821-18	100 0.00	84	A A B B 0 - C	4	33	N2P4-8 8	0.00	84	3 +28VDC +28VDC
	055 055			59	BLK		4 29	N1T821-28	100 0.00	84	AABB 0.0	4	33	N2P4-4 4	0.00	84	3 DCRTN DCRTN
card field	<u>+++</u>		Ť.	<u> </u>	***	<u>++</u>	<u> </u>	****					† †	*** *********************************			╡ ╡ ┲┓ ┚┚ <mark>┠┚┇┚┱┚╼┇┚╼┇┚╍┨┚┚<mark>╱╍┇╍</mark>┙</mark>
(CF)	<u>111</u>	141	14	1711	pepupa	1994	1504 1714	19 20 20 <mark> 22 22 20 25 30 27 20 27</mark> 20 29 20	[38] [32] [33[b4]	15136127		hales leafes					EL4QB022

Figure 3-7. Typical Redundant Cable Run List Table.

a. Table Heading (1) and (2) . In figure 3-7, the table heading type code DWG NO. VA 363 CASBLK does not apply to the tables contained herein. This code is replaced with the actual drawing number (i.e., DWG NO. SM-B-312375).

b. SEQUENCE(3)

(1) SHT (3,1). The sheet number in card fields 1, 2, and 3 is the sheet number which appears in the lower right hand side of a drawing which is neither supplied nor necessary. Disregard this num- ber.

(2) LN (3.2) .Card fields 4 and 5 are used for line numbering which appears in a drawing not sup- plied nor necessary. Disregard this number.

(3) C (3.3) .Card field 6 is used for card cod- ing 1 and 2. Each code consists of 80 horizontal card fields. Code 1 reads from the top for items (3) through (10) . Code 2 reads from the top for items (11) through (17).

c. WIFND (4) . Card fields 7, 8 and 9 are used to enter the item number or find number assigned to the wire in the parts list, table 3-8.

d. CLR (5) . Card fields 10, 11 and 12 are used to enter the color code of the wire insulation. The card field is blank for bare wire. Solid color conductors with no tracers use abbreviations:

BRN	brown	BLUblue
RED	red	VIOviolet
ORN	orange	GRAgray
YEL	yellow	WHT white
GRN	green	BLKblack

Solid color conductors with tracers use multiple numbers (i.e., 12 is brown with a red tracer; 123 is brown with a red tracer and orange tracer):

1.	Brown	6.	Blue
2.	Red	7.	Violet (purple)
3.	Orange	8.	Gray (slate)
4.	Yellow	9.	White
5.	Green	10.	Black

e. ...FROM... (6) and (13)

(1) KY (6.1) . Card fields 13 and 14 are used for keying. Key is a 2-digit alphanumeric used as a means of depicting whether the wire is terminated within an assembly or from one assembly to another. Disregard this column. (2) NOTES (6.2) . Card fields 15 through 18 are to be used for notes. Card fields 15 and 16 for note 1 and card fields 17 and 18 for note 2. If and when additional notes are required to cover the end condition of the wire the number 2 card code is used. The number 2 card code (13.1) uses card fields 13 through 18 for three additional notes. The note number is right justified.

(3) LOCATION (6.3) . Card fields 19, 20, and 21 are used for wiring from one assembly or sub-assembly to another assembly or subassembly. The reference designation of the assembly or subassembly must be inserted in card fields 19 through 21 before the reference designation of the component part. The reference designation of the assembly or subassembly is right justified. Card fields 22 through 30 are to be used to enter the reference designation and terminal identification of the component part to which the end of the wire is connected. The alphanumeric designation is left justified.

(4) SH (6.4) . Card field 31 is used when indi- cating a shield connection. The letter S signifies shield connection.

(5) FIND LUG (6.5) . Card fields 32, 33, and 34 are used when terminating hardware is being at- tached to the end of the wire. The item or find number of the parts list is entered. The item or find number is right justified.

(6) FIND SLV (6.6) . Card fields 35, 36, and 37 are used when insulation sleeving or marker sleeving is required on the end of a lead either for insulating purposes or for marking. The item or find number of the parts list is entered. The item or find number is right justified.

f. ROUTE (7) . Card fields 38 through 43 are used to indicate the specific routing path of a lead. Point to point wiring (shortest route) is shown as P/P.

g. TO...(8)

(1) KY (8.1) . Card fields 44 and 45 are used for keying. Key is a 2-digit alphanumeric used as a means of depicting whether the wire is terminated within an assembly or from one assembly to another.

(2) NOTES (8.2) . Card fields 46 and 47 are to be used for note 1 and card fields 48 and 49 for note 2. When additional notes are required to cover the end condition of the wire, the number 2 card code is used. The number 2 card code has card fields 44 through 49 assigned for three additional notes. The note number is right .justified.

(3) LOCATION (8.3) . Card fields 50, 51, and 52 are used when wiring one assembly or another subassembly to assembly or subassembly. The reference designation of the assembly or subas- sembly is inserted in card fields 50 through 52 before the reference designation of the component part. The reference designation of the assembly or subassembly is right justified. Card fields 53 through 61 are to be used to enter the reference designation and terminal identification of the com-ponent part to which the end of the wire is to be connected.

(4) SH (8.4) . Card field 62 is used when indi- cating a shield connection. The letter S is used to signify the shield.

(5) FIND LUG (8.5) . Card fields 63, 64, and 65 are used when terminating hardware is being at- tached to the end of the wire. The item or find number of the parts listed is entered. The item or find number is right justified.

(6) FIND SLV (8.6) . Card fields 66, 67, and 68 are used when insulation sleeving or marker sleeving is required on the end of a lead either for insulating purposes or for marking. The item or find number of the parts list is entered. The item or find number is right justified.

h. GP (9) . Card fields 69 and 70 are used when certain wires in the wire run list are to be grouped together and enclosed in a braid, shield, or through a piece of insulation sleeving.

i. FUNCTION (10). Card fields 71 through 80 are used, when required, to enter the circuit function which the wire is a part of (i.e., GND, + 15V, RTN). When the function name does not fit into the card field, abbreviations are used. Nonstandard ab- breviations must be covered by a note giving the nonstandard abbreviation and explaining the full meaning of the abbreviation. The function is left justified.

j. KCD (11) . Card fields 7, 8, and 9 are used for distinguishing modular assemblies. Two-digit alpha- numeric is used with right justification.

k. KSQ (12) . Card fields 10, 11, and 12 are used to represent wiring sequence within a key or key-code. A 3-digit number is used with right justification.

I. .. FROM...(13)

(1) NOTES (13.1) . See item (6.2) . Card fields 13 through 18 are to be used for three ad- ditional notes if required. The. note numbers are right justified.

(2) MARKING (13.2) . Card fields 19 through 30 are used when marking is required on the end of the wire. Card field 19, 20, and 21 are

used for marking the subassembly reference designation such as A1, A2, etc. Card fields 22 through 30 are used for marking the part reference designation and its termination point. The marking is left justified.

(3) SH (13.3). Card field 31 is not used.

(4) STP (13.4). Card fields 32, 33, and 34 are used for stripping information for the end of the wire (strip length in inches and hundredths of inches). The fields are blank when bare wire is used. The strip lengths are inserted using decimal figures. The decimal point is between Card fields 32 and 33.

(5) FND FER (13.5) . Card fields 35, 36, and 37 are for use when ferrules are to be used on either shielded or coax wire. The item or find number from the parts list is right justified.

m. LENGTH G. Card fields 38 through 43 are used when the lead length is required (i.e., critical leads). The lead length information is inserted in inches and tenths of inches. The decimal point is between card fields 42 and 43.

n. FROM.. (15),

(1) NOTES (15.1) . See item (8.2) . Card fields 44 through 49 are to be used for three additional notes if required. The note numbers are right justified.

(2) MARKING (15.2) . Card fields 50 through 61 are used when marking is required on the end of the wire. Card fields 50, 51, and 52 are used for marking the subassembly reference designation such as A1 A2, etc. Card fields 53 through 61 are used for marking the part reference designation and its termination point. The marking is left justified.

(3) SH. (15.3) Card field 62 is not used.

(4) STP (15.4). Card fields 63, 64, and 65 are used for stripping information for the end of the wire (strip length in inches and hundredths of inches). The card fields are blank when bare wire is used. The strip lengths are inserted using decimal figures. The decimal point is between card fields 63 and 64.

(5) FND FER P (15.5) . Card fields 66, 67, and 68 are for use when ferrules are to be used on either shielded or coax wire. The item or find number is right justified.

o. SC (16) . Card fields 69 and 70 are used when a supplement code is required for adding or deleting a line of information. The letter "A" is used for adding a line and the letter "D" for deleting a line. Supplement coding is right justified.

p. FUNCTION (17) . See item (10)

Pair	Wire	From	То	Pair	Wire	From	То
No.	color			No.	color		
1	BL/W	P1-A	P2-1A	14	G/BK/BK BR/BK	P1-C P1-D	P2-13B P2-14A
	BL/W/W	P1-B	P2-1B				
2	O/W	P1-C	P2-2A		BR/BK/BK GY/BK	P1-E P1-F	P2-14B P2-15A
	O/W/W	P1-D	P2-2B	15			
3	G/W	P1-E	P2-3A		GY/BK/BK B/Y	P1-G P1-H	P2-15B P2-16A
-	G/W/W	P1-F	P2-3B	16			
4	BR/W	P1-G	P2-4A		B/Y/Y O/Y	P1-K P1-M	P2-16B P2-17A
	BR/W/W	P1-H	P2-4B	17			
5	GY/W	P1-J	P2-5A		O/Y/Y G/Y	P1-N P1-P	P2-17B P2-18A
Ũ	GY/W/W	P1-K	P2-5B	18	0,1		12 10/1
6	BL/R	P1-L	P2-6A		G/Y/Y BR/Y	P1-Q P1-R	P2-18B P2-19A
0	BL/R/R	P1-M	P2-6B	19	DIGI		12 104
7	O/R	P1-N	P2-7A		BR/Y/Y GY/Y	P1-S P1-T	P2-19B P2-20A
,	O/R/R	P 1-P	P2-7B	20	01/1		1220/(
8	G/R	P1-R	P2-8A		GY/Y/Y BL/V	P1-U P1-V	P2-20B P2-21A
Ū.	G/R/R	P1-S	P2-8B	21			
9	BR/R	P1-T	P2-9A		BL/V/V O/V	P1-W PI-X	P2-21B P2-22A
Ũ	BR/R/R	P 1-U	P2-9B	22	0,1		/
	GY/R	P1-V	P2-10A		O/V/V	P1-Y	P2-22B
10				23			
	GY/R/R	PI-W	P2-01B		G/V/V	P1-AA	P2-23B
	BL/BK	P1-X	P2-1 A	0.4	BR/V	P1-BB	P2-24A
11	BL/BK/BK	P1-Y	P2-11B	24	BR/V/V	P1-CC	P2-24B
	GV	P1-Z	P2-23A		GY/V	P1-DD	P2-25A
			1 2 20/1	25			1 2 2011
	O/BK	P1-Z	P2-12A		GY/V/V25	P1-EE	P2-25B
12					R/W	P1-FF	P2-26A
	O/BK/BK	P1-A	P2-12B				
40	G/BK	P1-B	P2-13A		DAMAN		
13					R/W/W	P1-GG	P2-26B

Table 3-2. Signal Cable Assembly U-185(B)/G (SM-D-811746) Wire Run List

Pair	Wire	From	То	Pair	Wire	From	То
No.	color			No.	color		
	BL/W	P1-1A	P2-2A		BR/BK/BK	P1-14B	P2-13B
1					GY/BK	P1-15A	P2-15B
	BL/W/W	P1-1B	P2-2B	15		54455	
2	O/W	P1-2A	P2-IA		GY/BK/BK B/Y	P1-15B P1-16A	P2-15A P2-17A
2	O/W/W	P1-2B	P2-1B	16	D/ I	FIFIOA	F2-17A
	G/W	P1-3A	P2-3B	_	B/Y/Y	P1-16B	P2-17B
3					O/Y	P1-17A	P2-16A
	G/W/W BR/W	P1-3B P1-4A	P2-3A P2-5A	17	O/Y/Y	P1-17B	P2-16B
4	DR/W	F 1-4A	F2-3A		G/Y	P1-17B P1-18A	P2-16B P2-18B
•	BR/W/W	P1-4B	P2-5B	18	0,1	1 1 10/1	12100
	GY/W	P1-5A	P2-4A		G/Y/Y	P1-18B	P2-18A
5	GY/W/W			10	BR/Y	P1-19A	P2-20A
	BL/R	P1-5B P1-6A	P2-4B P2-6B	19	BR/Y/Y	P1-19B	P2-20B
6	DE/IX	TTOA	1200		GY/Y	P1-20A	P2-19A
	BL/R/R	P1-6B	P2-6A	20			
_	O/R	P1-7A	P2-8A		GY/Y/Y	P1-20B	P2-19B
7	O/R/R	P1-7B	P2-8B	21	BL/V	P1-21A	P2-21B
	G/R	P1-8A	P2-7A	21	BL/V/V	P1-21B	P2-21A
8					O/V	P1-22A	P2-28A
	G/R/R	P1-8B	P2-7B	22			
9	BR/R	P1-9A	P2-9B		O/V/V	P1-22B	P2-23B
9	BR/R/R	P1-9B	P2-9A		BL/BK/BK	P1-11B	P2-10B
	GY/R	P1-10A	P2-11A		G/V	P1-23A	P2-22A
10				23			
	GY/R/R BL/BK	P1-10B P-11A	P2-11B P2-10A		G/V/V BR/V	P1-23B P1-24A	P2-22B P2-24B
11	DL/DN	F-ITA	F2-10A	24	DR/V	F 1-24A	F2-24D
	BR/V/V	P1-24B	P2-24A				
	O/BK	P1-12A	P2-12B		GY/V	P1-25A	P2-25A
12		D4 40D	D0 104	25			
	O/BK/BK GY/V/V	P1-12B P1-25B	P2-12A P2-25B	25			
	G/BK P13	P2-14A	R/W		P1-26A	P2-26A	
13							
	G/BK/BK	P1-13B	P2-14B		DAMAN	D 4 665	D0 000
14	BR/BK	P1-14A	P2-13A		R/W/W	P1-26B	P2-26B
14						1	<u> </u>

Table 3-3. Electrical Cable Assembly CX-13099 ()/GT (SM-D-811745) Wire Run List

Ci	rcuit switch sic	le (J2)		Foreign	NATO side (J3))
U-185/	J2 pin				J3 pin	P2
J-1077	(MS-conn)	Function	Channel	Function	(MS-conn.)	(far end)
pin	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				· · · · ·	` pin ´
9Å	Т	Voice-to CS	1	Voice-to NATO	A	1Å
9B	Ŭ	Voice-to CS	-	Voice-to NATO	B	1B
10OA	V	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	Č	2A
01B	Ŵ	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	D	2B
OID	vv			Signal-to NATO	E	3A
				Signal-from NATO	F	3A 3B
				Signal-Itolit NATO	Г	30
11A	х	Voice-to CS	2	Voice-to NATO	G	4A
11B	Ŷ	Voice-to CS	-	Voice-to NATO	H	4B
12A	Ž	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	J	5A
12A	a	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	ĸ	5B
120	a			Signal-to NATO	L	6A
					M	6B
				Signal-from NATO	IVI	00
13A	b	Voice-to CS	3	Voice-to NATO	N	7A
13B	c	Voice-to CS	Ũ	Voice-to NATO	P	7B
14A	d	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	R	8A
14B	e	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	S	8B
140	e			Signal-to NATO	T	9A
					U I	9A 9B
				Signal-from NATO	U	9D
15A	f	Voice-to CS	4	Voice-to NATO	V	10A
15B	g	Voice-to CS		Voice-to NATO	W	10B
16A	h	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	X	11A
16B	k	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	Ŷ	11B
TOD	N N			Signal-to NATO	Z	12A
				Signal-from NATO	a	12R
17A	m	Voice-to CS	5	Voice-to NATO	b	13A
17B	n	Voice-to CS	0	Voice-to NATO	C C	13B
18A		Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	d	13B 14A
18A 18B	p	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO		14A 14B
IOD	q	voice-ironi CS			e	
				Signal-to NATO	f	15A
				Signal-from NATO	g	15B
19A	r	Voice-to CS	6	Voice-to NATO	h	16A
19A 19B	S	Voice-tb CS	0	Voice-to NATO	k	16B
20A		Voice-to CS Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO		17A
20A 20B	t	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	m	17A 17B
ZUD	u	voice-itotti CS			n	
				Signal-to NATO	p	18A
				Signal-from NATO	q	18B
21A	v	Voice-to CS	7	Voice-to NATO	r	19A
21B	w	Voice-to CS		Voice-to NATO	S	19B
22A	x	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	t	20A
22B	ý	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	ů	20B
	,			Signal-to NATO	v	21A
				Signal-from NATO	Ŵ	21B
	I				٧٧	210

Table 3-4. NATO Interface Unit Input/Output Connections

(Circuit switch s	ide (J2)		Foreign NATO side (J3)		
U-185/	J2 pin				J3 pin	P2
J-1077	(MS-conn)	Function	Channel	Function	(MS-conn.)	(far end)
pin						pin
23A	Z	Voice-to CS	8	Voice-to NATO	х	22A
23B	AA	Voice-to CS		Voice-to NATO	У	22B
24A	BB	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	Z	23A
24B	CC	Voice-from CS		Voice-from NATO	AA	23B
				Signal-to NATO	BB	24A
				Signal-from NATO	CC	24B
25A	DD	NIU-to/from	Order	NIU-to/from the	DD	25A
25B	EE	the Circuit	wire pair	Foreign NIU	EE	25B
		Switch	(i.e.,			
			TA-312)			
26A	FF	Ground	Common	Ground	FF	26A
			signaling			
			-			
26B	GG	Ground	Ground	Ground	GG	26B

Table 3-4. NATO Interface Unit Input/Output Connections-Continued

SIGNAL LOCATION TABLE		• J 0005 • DWG ND • • J 0006 •
ASSY REF DES = NATO		• J 0007 • REV SHEET 2
SOURCE WIRE LIST =	REV	CODE IDENT 04655
SLOT LOCATION, DEVICE	/ SIGNAL NAMES	#=DUPLICATE PIN DATA
J 0005 J 0006	J 0007	PIN
••••••••	•• ••••••	NO ••••
RCVCH01C XMTCH011 SIGCH02 XMTCH02C XMTCH02C XMTCH02C XMTCH01DTR RCVCH03C XMTCH01DTR XMTCH031 RCVCH02INR SIGCH03 XMTCH020TR RCVCH04C RCVCH04INR XMTCH04C RCVCH04INR XMTCH04C RCVCH04INR RCVCH04C XMTCH040TR XMTCH05C XMTCH05DTR RCVCH06C RCVCH06INR SIGCH06 RCVCH06INR XMTCH06C RCVCH06INR XMTCH06C XMTCH060TR SIGCH06 RCVCH07INR RCVCH06C RCVCH07INR RCVCH07C XMTCH060TR SIGCH07 XMTCH060TR XMTCH07D XMTCH060TR XMTCH07D XMTCH060TR XMTCH07D XMTCH060TR XMTCH07D	$\begin{array}{rrrr} NR & +15VDC & B \\ R & -28VDC & B \\ TT & -28VDC & B \\ R & -5 & VDC & B \\ R & -15VDC & B \\ TT & -10VDC & B \\ R & -15VDC & B \\ TT & +5 & VDC & A \\ R & -28VDC & A \\ R & -28VDC & A \\ R & -10VDC & A \\ R & -10VDC & A \\ R & -10VDC & A \\ R & -15VDC & -15VDC \\ R & -15VDC &$	0005 0007 0008 0009 0010 0011 0011 0012 0013 0014 0015 0016 0015 0016 0017 0018 0019 0020 0021 0021 0021 0022 0022 0022
EOW 2 T GROUND C XMTCHO8I SIGCH08 EOW 1 GROUND E		0027 3028 3029 3030 3031 0032
RCVCH010 XMTCH011 SIGCH02 XMTCH020 XMTCH020 XMTCH010TT RCVCH030 XMTCH010TT XMTCH031 RCVCH021NT SIGCH03 XMTCH020TT RCVCH040 RCVCH021NT SIGCH04 RCVCH031NT XMTCH040 RCVCH031NT RCVCH040 RCVCH041NT RCVCH040 RCVCH041NT RCVCH050 XMTCH050TT SIGCH04 RCVCH051NT SIGCH06 RCVCH051NT SIGCH06 RCVCH061NT XMTCH061 XMTCH060TT SIGCH06 RCVCH071NT RCVCH070 XMTCH060TT SIGCH07 XMTCH080TT RCVCH081 SIGCH08 RCVCH081NT SIGCH07 XMTCH080TT RCVCH080 RCVCH081NT SIGCH07 XMTCH080TT RCVCH080 RCVCH081NT SIGCH07 XMTCH080TT RCVCH080 RCVCH081NT SIGCH07 XMTCH080TT RCVCH081 SIGCH08 EDW 2 RGROUND D XMTCH081 SIGCH08 EDW 1 GROUND F	TR NT TR NT TR NT TR NT TR NT TR NT TR NT TR NT TR NT TR NT TR NT TR NT TR NT	0040 0041 0042 0043 0044 0045 0046 0047 0048 0047 0050 0051 0052 0051 0055 0055 0055 0055

Table 3-5. Connector Plate Nest Signal Location Table

	SIGNAL LOCATIO ASSY REF DES = SOURCE WIKE LI	NATO ST =	REV	XA 0003 XA 0005 XA 0007 XA 0007	. DWG NU. REV SHEE CODE IDENT		
		N. DEVICE / 5 XA 0003	XA 0005	XA 0007	XA 0009	PIN	3
4	XA 0002 NIU -A	NIU - B	NIU -A	NIU - B	NIU -A	NO	
	T1050-10DB SHIELD02 RCVCH01INR RCVCH01INT +5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A SHIELD02 GROUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A -15VDC A PWRCL01 N CKPH0CH1 N CKPH1CH1 N CKPH2CH1 N PSEIZE01 N PSEIZE01 N PSCLR01 N RCVCH010TT SHIELD02 RCVCH010TK	+5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A GROUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A CKPH1CH1 N CKPH0CH1 N CKPH0CH1 N	T1050-10DB SHIEL005 RCVCH02INR RCVCH02INT +5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A SHIEL005 GRUUND A -5 VDC A -15VDC A -15VDC A PWRCL02 N CKPH0CH2 N CKPH1CH2 N PBCLR02 N RCVCH020TT SHIELD05 RCVCH020TR	+5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A GROUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A CKPHICH2 N CKPHOCH2 N XMTCH020TR XMTCH020TT	T1050-10DB SHIELD09 RCVCH03INT RCVCH03INT +5 VDC A +15 VDC A -28 VDC A SHIELD09 GROUND A -5 VDC A -10 VDC A -15 VDC A PWRCL03 N CKPH0CH3 N CKPH1CH3 N CKPH1CH3 N CKPH1CH3 N PSELZE03 N PBCLR03 N RCVCH030TT SHIELD09 RCVCH030TR	0007 0009 0010 0011 0017 0018 0019 0020 0020 00220 00223 00223 00223 00223 00223 00223 00223 00223 00223 00223 00225 00228 00228 00228 00225 00228 00225 00321 0035 0036 0038	
	GROUND A	PSEIZEO1 N SHIELDO3 GROUND A SIGCHO1 R PBCLRO1 R CLOCK500HZ CLOCK32KHZ TN2600-7DB	GROUND A	PSEIZEOZ N SHIELDO7 GROUND A SIGCHO2 R PBCLRO2 N CLOCK500HZ CLOCK50CHZ TN2600-7DB	GROUND A	0039 0040 0040 0042 0043 0045 0045 0046 0048	
	+5 VDC B +15VDC B -28VDC B GROUND B	+5 VDC B +15VDC B -28VDC B SHIELD03	+5 VDC B +15VDC B -28VDC B GROUND B	+5 VDC B +15VDC B -28VDC B SHIELD07	+5 VDC B +15VDC B -28VDC B GROUND B	0055 0056 0057 0058	
	-5 VDC B -10VDC B -15VDC B	GROUND B -5 VDC B -10VDC B -15VDC B PWRCL01 N CKPH2CH1 N	-5 VDC 8 -10VDC 8 -15VDC 8	GRUUND B -5 VDC B -10VDC B -15VDC B PWRCL02 N CKPH2CH2 N	-5 VDC 8 -10VDC 8 -15VDC 8	0058* 0059 0060 0061 0063 0064	
	GROUND B	XMTCHOIINR GROUND B XMTCHOIINT T1050-10DB SIGCHOI T	GROUND B	XMTCHO2INR GROUND B XMTCHO2INT T1050-10DB SIGCHO2 T	GROUND B	0071 0072 0074 0075 0076	

Table 3-5. Connector Plate Nest Signal Location Table - Continued

SIGNAL LOCATION ASSY REF DES =	NATO	• XA 0011 • DWG ND• • XA 0013 • • XA 0015 • REV SHEET 4 • XA 0018 • • XA 0020 • CODE IDENT 04655			
SOURCE WIRE LIS	τ =	REV	XA 0018	CODE IDENT	04655
SLOT LOCATION	, DEVICE / S	IGNAL NAMES		ATE PIN DATA	
NIU – B	XA 0013 NIU -A	XA 0015 NIU - B	********		PIN NO
+5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A GROUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A CKPH1CH3 N CKPH0CH3 N	PHRCLO4 N CKPHOCH4 N CKPHICH4 N CKPHICH4 N CKPHICH4 N PSEIZEO4 N PBCLRO4 N	+5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A GROUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A CKPH1CH4 N CKPH0CH4 N	T1050-10DB SHIELD018 RCVCH05INR RCVCH05INT +5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A SHIELD018 GROUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A PWRCL05 N CKPH0CH5 N CKPH2CH5 N CKPH2CH5 N PBCLZE05 N PBCLZE05 N PBCVCH050TT	+5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A GRUUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A CKPHICH5 N CKPHOCH5 N	0007 0009 0011 0017 0018 00219 00221 00223 00224 000223 000225 000225 000225 000225 000225 000225 000225 000225 000231 000325 000336
PSEIZEO3 N GROUND A SIGCHO3 R PBCLRO3 N CLOCK500HZ CLOCK32KHZ	RCVCH04OTT RCVCH04OTR Ground A	TN2400-708	RCVCH050TR Ground A	XMTCH050TR XMTCH050TT PSEIZE05 N GROUND A SIGCH05 R PBCLR05 N CLOCK500HZ CLOCK32KHZ TN2600-7DB	0037 0038 0039 0040 0042 0043 0045 0045 0046 0048
TN2600-7DB +5 VDC B +15VDC B -28VDC B GROUND B -5 VDC B -10VDC B -15VDC B PWRCL03 N CKPH2CH3 N XMTCH03INR GROUND B XMTCH03INT T1050-10DB SIGCH03 T	+5 VDC B +15VDC B -28VDC B GROUND B -5 VDC B -10VDC B -15VDC B GROUND B	+5 VDC B +15VDC B -28VDC B GROUND B -5 VDC B -10VDC B -15VDC B PWRCL04 N CKPH2CH44 N XMTCH04INR	+5 VDC 8 +15VDC 8 -28VDC 8 GROUND 8 -5 VDC 8 -10VDC 8 +15VDC 8 GROUND 8	+5 VDC B +15 VDC B -28 VDC B GROUND B -5 VDC B -10 VDC B -10 VDC B -10 VDC B PWRCL05 N CKPH2CH5 N XMTCH05 INR GROUND B XMTCH05 INT T1050-10DB SIGCH05 T	0055 0056 0057 0058 0060 0060 0063 0064 0071 0074 0074 0075 0076

Table 3-5. Connector Plate Nest Signal Location Table - Continued

SIGNAL LOCATIO	N TABLE		• XA 0022	. DWG NO.	
SIGNAL LOCATIO ASSY REF DES = SOURCE WIRE LI	NATO		• XA 0024 • XA 0026 • XA 0029		E T 5
SOURCE WIRE LI	ST =	REV	• XA 0029 • XA 0031	CODE IDENT	Q4655
		IGNAL NAMES			
XA 0022 NIU -A	XA 0024 NIU - B	XA 0026 NIU -A	XA 0029 NIU - B	XA 0031 NIU -A	PIN NO
T1050-10DB SHIELD022 RCVCH06INR RCVCH06INT +5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A -5 VDC A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -10VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A -15VDC A PWRCL06 N CKPH0CH6 N CKPH0CH6 N CKPH1CH6 N CKPH1CH6 N CKPH1CH6 N PSEIZE06 N PBCLR06 N RCVCH060TT RCVCH060TT RCVCH060TR GROUND A +5 VDC B +15VDC B -28VDC B -5 VDC B -15VDC B -15VDC B	+5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A GROUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A CKPH1CH6 N CKPH0CH6 N CKPH0CH6 N GROUND A GROUND A SIGCH06 R PBCLR06 N CLOCK500HZ CLOCK32KHZ TN2600-7DB	T1050-10DB RCVCH07INR RCVCH07INT +5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A GROUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A PWRCL07 N CKPH0CH7 N CKPH1CH7 N CKPH2CH7 N CKPH2CH7 N PSELZE07 N PSCLR07 N RCVCH070TR GROUND A	+5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A GROUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A CKPH1CH7 N	T1050-10DB RCVCH08INT +5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A GROUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A -15VDC A PWRCL08 N CKPH0CH8 N CKPH0CH8 N CKPH1CH8 N CKPH1CH8 N CKPH2CH8 N PSEIZE08 N PSEIZE08 N PSEIZE08 N RCVCH080TT RCVCH080TT RCVCH080TT GROUND A +5 VDC B +15VDC B -28VDC B -15VDC B -15VDC B -15VDC B	••••
GROUND B	GROUND B XMTCHOGINT T1050-10DB SIGCHO6 T	GROUND B	GROUND B XMTCH07INT T1050-10DB SIGCH07 T	GROUND B	0072 0074 0075 0076

Table 3-5. Connector Plate Nest Signal Location Table - Continued

SIGNAL LOCATION ASSY REF DES =	NATO		. XA 0033 . . XA 0043 .		ET 6
SOURCE WIRE LI		REV	• • • • •	CODE IDENT	04655
	N, DEVICE / SI	GNAL NAMES	#=DUPLICA	TE PIN DATA	PIN
XA 0033 NIU - B	XA 0043 NIU - C				NO
+5 VDC A +15VDC A -28VDC A GROUND A -5 VDC A -10VDC A -15VDC A CKPH1CH8 N CKPH0CH8 N XMTCH080TT PSEIZE08 N GROUND A SIGCH08 R PBCLR08 N CLOCK500HZ CLOCK500HZ CLOCK32KHZ TN2600-7DB +5 VDC B -28VDC B -15VDC B NCKPH2CH8 N XMTCH08INT T1050-10DB SIGCH08 T	TN2600-7DB T1050-100B EUW 2 T EOW 2 R EOW 1 T EUW 1 R +5 VDC A -28VDC A GROUND A -5 VDC A -15VDC A -15VDC A -15VDC A CLOCK500HZ CLOCK32KHZ GROUND A +5 VDC B +15VDC B -28VDC B GROUND A -5 VDC B -15VDC B -15VDC B -15VDC B -15VDC B -15VDC B -15VDC B -15VDC B -15VDC B				••••• 000258147890122345047890235689013412456 0002222345000000000005556668412456 0002000000000000000000000000000000000

Table 3-5. Connector Plate Nest Signal Location Table - Continued

Table 3-6. Connector Plate, Signal String List

			STRING F DES 3		J)					•	DWG >		
			WIRE L				REV				•	REV	SHEET IDENT 04	22
					NG	NUMBER		ENCE	 *-				NET NA	
3														
Y	XA XA XA	0013-0020-0026-	-0018(-0018(-0018(-0018(-0018(-0018(-0018()	XA XA XA XA	0003-00 0009-00 0015-00 0022-00 0029-00 0043-00	018(018(018(018(XA XA XA	0005-0 0011-0 0018-0 0024-0 0031-0 0007-0	D018(D018(D018(D018(D018(1	+15VDC	A
	XA XA XA	0029-0022-0015-0009-	-0056(-0056(-0056(-0056(-0056(-0056(XA XA XA XA	0033-00 0026-00 0020-00 0013-00 0007-00 0002-00	056(056(056(056())))	XA XA XA	0031-0 0024-0 0018-0 0011-0 0005-0 0007-0	056 056 056 056	}	+15VDC	В
	X A X A	0007- 0013- 0020- 0026-	-0019(-0019(-0019(-0019(-0019(-0019())))	XA XA XA	0003-00 0009-00 0015-00 0022-00 0029-00 0043-00	019(019(019())))))))))))))))))))	XA XA XA	0005-0 0011-0 0018-0 0024-0 0031-0 0007-0)019()019()019(}	-28VDC	A
	XA XA XA XA	0007- 0013- 0020- 0026-	-0057(-0057(-0057(-0057(-0057(-0057(}	XA XA	0003-00 0009-00 0015-00 0022-00 0029-00 0043-00)57()57()57()57()))	XA XA XA	0005-0 0011-0 0018-0 0024-0 0031-0 0007-0	0057(0057(0057(0057(}	-28VDC	B
	XA XA XA	0007- 0013- 0020- 0026-	-0017(-0017(-0017(-0017(-0017(-0017())))	XA XA XA XA XA	0003-00 0009-00 0015-00 0022-00 0029-00 0043-00)17()17()17()17()))	XA XA XA	0005-0 0011-0 0018-0 0024-0 0031-0 0007-0	0017(0017(0017(0017())))))))))))))))))))	+5 VDC	A
	X A X A	0029-0022-0015-	-0055(-0055(-0055(-0055(-0055(-0055(}	XΔ	0033-00 0026-00 0020-00 0013-00 0007-00 0002-00)55()55()55()55())))))))))))))))))))	XA XA XA	0031-0 0024-0 0018-0 0011-0 0005-0 0007-0)055 ()055 ()055 ()055 (+5 VDC	В
	X A X A	0007- 0013- 0020- 0026-	-0022(-0022(-0022(-0022(-0022(-0022(XA XA XA	0003-00 0009-00 0015-00 0022-00 0029-00 0043-00)22()22()22()22())))	XA XA	0005-0 0011-0 0018-0 0024-0 0031-0 0007-0	0022(0022(0022())))	-10VDC	A
	XA XA XA XA	0007- 0013- 0020- 0026-	-0060(-0060(-0060(-0060(-0060()	XA XA XA	0003-00 0009-00 0015-00 0022-00 0029-00 0043-00)60()60()60()60())))	XA XA XA	0005-0 0011-0 0018-0 0024-0 0031-0 0007-0	060 (060 (060 (060 (>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	-10VDC	В
	X A X A X A X A	0007- 0013- 0020- 0026-	-0023(-0023(-0023(-0023(-0023(-0023(-0023()))	XA XA XA	0003-00 0009-00 0015-00 0022-00 0029-00 0043-00)23()23()23()23())))	XA XA	0005-0 0011-0 0018-0 0024-0 0031-0 0007-0	023 (023 (023 (023 (>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	-15VDC	A
	XA XA XA	0007- 0013- 0020-	-0061(-0061(-0061(-0061(-0061(}	XA XA XA	0003-00 0009-00 0015-00 0022-00 0029-00)61()61()61(}	XA XA	0005-0 0011-0 0018-0 0024-0 0031-0	061 (061 (061 (>	-15VDC	В

SIGNAL STRING					•	NO.
ASSY REF DES =		REV			REV	SHEET 3
SOURCE WIRE LI			RENCE			E IDENT 04655 NET NAME T
XA 0033-0061() XA	0043-0061(1	J 0007-0013()	
XA 0002-0021(XA 0007-0021() XA) XA		}	XA 0005-0021 (XA 0011-0021 (}	-5 VDC A
XA 0013-0021(XA 0020-0021() XA) XA	0015-0021(j j	XA 0018-0021(XA 0024-0021(j	
XA 0026-0021(XA 0033-0021(j XA	0029-0021(0043-0021(j	XA 0031-0021(J 0007-0021(ł	
XA 0002-0059() XA		, ,	XA 0005-0059()	-5 VDC B
XA 0007-0059(XA 0013-0059() XA	0009-0059(j j	XA 0011-0059(XA 0018-0059(Ì	
XÃ 0020-0059(XA 0026-0059() XA) XA	0022-0059(Ì	XA 0024-0059(XA 0031-0059(}	
XA 0033-0059() XA	0043-0059()	Ĵ 0007-0009(Ĵ	
XA 0003-0025() XA	0002-0028()			CKPHOCH1 N
XA 0007-0025() XA	0005-0028()			CKPHOCH2 N
XA 0011-0025(-) XA	0009-0028(3			CKPHOCH3 N
XA 0015-0025() XA	0013-0028(2			CKPHOCH4 N
XA 0020-0025() XA	0018-0028(3			CKPHOCH5 N
XA 0024-0025() XA	0022-0028(3			CKPHOCH6 N
XA 0029-0025() XA	0026-0028(3			CKPHOCH7 N
XA 0033-0025() XA	0031-0028()			CKPHOCH8 N
XA 0003-0024() XA	0002-0029()			CKPH1CH1 N
XA 0007-0024() XA	0005-0029()			CKPH1CH2 N
XA 0011-0024() XA	0009-0029()			CKPHICH3 N
XA 0015-0024() XA	0013-0029()			CKPHICH4 N
XA 0020-0024() XA	0018-0029()			CKPH1CH5 N
XA 0024-0024() XA	0022-0029()			CKPH1CH6 N
XA 0029-0024() XA	0026-0029(J			CKPHICH7 N
XA 0033-0024() XA	0031-0029()			CKPH1CH8 N
XA 0003-0064() XA	0002-0031()			CKPH2CH1 N
XA 0007-0064() XA	0005-0031(}			CKPH2CH2 N
XA 0011-0064() XA	0009-0031()			CKPH2CH3 N
XA 0015-0064() XA	0013-0031()			CKPH2CH4 N
XA 0020-00641) XA	0018-0031()			CKPH2CH5 N
XA 0024-0064() XA	0022-0031()			CKPH2CH6 N
XA 0029-0064() XA	0026-0031()			CKPH2CH7 N
XA 0033-0064() XA	0031-0031()			CKPH2CH8 N
XA 0003-0046(XA 0015-0046(XA 0029-0046() XA) XA) XA	0007-0046(0020-0046(0033-0046(>	XA 0011-0046 XA 0024-0046 XA 0043-0034	};	CLOCK32KHZ

SIGNAL STRING LIST		. DWG	NO.
ASSY REF DES = NATO		REV	SHEET 4
SOURCE WIRE LIST =	REV	CODE	IDENT 04655
PIN LOCATIONS (DRAWING	NUMBER REFERENCE) *=OUTPUT		NET NAME T
XA 0003-0045() X/ XA 0015-0045() X/ XA 0029-0045() X/	0007-0045() XA 0011-0045(0020-0045() XA 0024-0045(0033-0045() XA 0043-0030()	CLOCK500HZ
XA 0043-0014() J	0006-0065()		EOW 1 R T
XA 0043-0011() J	0006-0030()		EOW 1 TT
XA 0043-0008() J	0005-0062()		EOW 2 R T
XA 0043-0005() J	0005-0027()		EÚW 2 TT
XA 0026-0040() XA XA 0020-0040() XA XA 0013-0040() XA XA 0007-0040() XA XA 0002-0040() XA XA 0002-0040() XA XA 0011-0020() XA XA 0018-0020() XA	0043-0040(XA 0031-0040(0033-0020(XA 0029-0040(XA 0024-0040(XA 0022-0040(0018-0040(XA 0015-0040(XA 0018-0040(XA 0009-0040(XA 0005-0040(XA 0009-0040(XA 0002-0020(XA 0003-0020(XA 0002-0020(XA 0009-0020(XA 0013-0020(XA 0015-0020(XA 0020-0020(XA 0029-0020(XA 0020-0020(XA 0029-0020(XA 0020-0020(XA 0029-0020(XA 00020-0020(XA 0029-0020(XA 00020-0020(XA 0029-0020(XA 00020-0020(XA 0029-0020(XA 00020-0020(XA 0029-0020(XA		GROUND A
XA 0022-0058() XA XA 0015-0058() XA XA 0009-0058() XA XA 0003-0058() XA XA 0003-0072() XA	0031-0072(XA 0031-0058(0026-0058(XA 0024-0058(0013-0058(XA 0018-0058(0007-0058(XA 0011-0058(0007-0058(XA 0005-0058(0007-0058(XA 0002-0058(0007-0058(XA 0002-0058(0005-0072(XA 0007-0072(0005-0072(XA 0007-0072(0018-0072(XA 0020-0072(GROUND B
J 0005-0028() J	0007-0029()		GRUUND C
J 0005-0063() J	0007-0028()		GROUND D
J 0006-0031() J	0007-0031()		GROUND E
J 0006 ~ 0066() J	0007-0032()		GROUND F
	0002-0035()		PBCLR01 N
	0005-0035()		PBCLR02 N
	0009-0035()		PBCLR03 N
XA 0015-0043() XA	0013-0035()		PBCLR04 N
	0018-0035()		PBCLR05 N
	0022-0035()		PBCLR06 N
	0026-0035()		PBCLR07 N
	0031-0035()		PBCLR08 N
XA 0003-0039() XA	0002-0032()		PSEIZED1 N
XA 0007-0039() XA	0005-0032()		PSEIZED2 N
XA 0011-0039() XA	0009-0032()		PSEIZE03 N

KA 0020-0039(1) XA 0018-0032(1) PSEIZE05 N KA 0024-0039(1) XA 0022-0032(1) PSEIZE06 N KA 0029-0039(1) XA 0022-0025(1) PSEIZE08 N KA 0033-0039(1) XA 0002-0025(1) PWRCL01 N KA 0003-0063(1) XA 0002-0025(1) PWRCL02 N KA 0011-0063(1) XA 0003-0025(1) PWRCL03 N KA 0011-0063(1) XA 0013-0025(1) PWRCL04 N KA 0011-0063(1) XA 0013-0025(1) PWRCL06 N XA 0012-0063(1) XA 0012-0025(1) PWRCL06 N XA 0020-0063(1) XA 0022-0025(1) PWRCL06 N XA 0020-0010(1) J 0005-0011(1) RCVCH010T XA 0020-0038(1) XA 0020-0011(1) RCVCH010T							
PIN LOCATIONS	(DRAWING	NUMBER REFERENCE.) *=OUTPUI NEI NAME I				
XA 0015-0039() X/	0013-0032()	PSEIZE04 N				
XA 0020-0039() X/	0018-0032()	PSEIZE05 N				
XA 0024-0039() X/	0022-0032()	PSEIZE06 N				
XA 0029-0039() X/	0026-0032()	PSEIZE07 N				
XA 0033-0039() X/	0031-0032()	PSEIZE08 N				
XA 0003-0063() X/	0002-0025()	PWRCLO1 N				
XA 0007-0063() X.	0005-0025()	PWRCLO2 N				
XA 0011-0063() X.	0009-0025()	PWKCLQ3 N				
XA 0015-0063() X.	0013-0025()	PWRCL04 N				
XA 0020-0063() X.	0018-0025()	PWRCLOS N				
XA 0024-00631) X.	A 0022-0025()	PWRCLO6 N				
XA 0029-0063() X	A 0026-0025()	PWRCL07 N				
XA 0033-0063() X	A 0031-0025()					
XA 0002-0010() J	0005-0011()	RCVCHOLINR T				
XA 0002-0011() 1	0005-0046()	RCVCH01INT T				
XA 0002-0038(1 1	0006-0040()	RCVCHOIDTR T				
XA 0002-0036() J	0006-0005()	RCVCHO1OTT T				
XA 0005-0010() J	0005-0013()	RCVCH02INR T				
XA 0005-0011() j	0005-0048()	RCVCH02INT T				
XA 0005-0038() J	0006-0043()	RCVCH02DTR T				
XA 0005-0036() (0006-0008()					
XA 0009-0010() J	0005-0015()					
XA 0009-00111) J	0005-0050()	RCVCHO3INT T				
XA 0009-00381) J	0006-0046()					
XA 0009-0036() J	0006-0011()					
XA 0013-0010(L (0005-0017()					
XA 0013-0011() J	0005-0052()					
XA 0013-0038() J	0006-0049()					
XA 0013-0036())	0006-0014()	RCVCH04DTT T				
XA 0018-0010() J	0005-0019()	RCVCH05INR T				
XA 0018-0011() J	0005-0054()	RCVCH05INT T				
XA 0018-0038() J	0006-0052()	RCVCH05DTR T				
XA 0018-0036() .	0006-0017()	RCVCH050TT I				
XA 0022-0010(1	0005-0021()	RCVCH06INR T				

SIGNAL STRING	LIST						•	DWG I	ND.		
ASSY REF DES =	NAT	0					•	REV	SHEET		6
SOURCE WIRE LI			REV				•	CODE	IDENT 04	655	6
PIN LOCATIONS	(DRA	WING	NUMBER REFE	RENCE	*=	OUTPUT			NET NAM	E	T
XA 0022-0011(}	J	0005-0056()					RCVCH06	INT	T
XA 0022-0338(3	J	0006-0055()					RCVCHOS		
XA 0022-0036()	J	0006-0020()					RCVCH06	отт	т
XA 0026-0010()	J	0005-0023(3					RCVCH07	INR	г
XA 0026-0011()	J	0005-0058()					RCVCH07	INT	T
XA 0026-0038()	t	0006-0058()					RCVCH07	DTR	т
XA 0026-0036()	J	0006-0023()					RCVCH07	ττ	т
XA 0031-0010(3	J	0005-0025()					RCVCH08		
XA 0031-0011()	J	0005-0060()					RCVCH08		
XA 0031-0038()	J	0006-0061()					RCVCH080	DTR	Т
XA 0031-0036()	J	0006-0026()					RCVCH080	TT	T
XA 0013-0009()	XA	0013-0020()					SHIELDOJ	13	
KA 0018-0009()	XA	0018-0020(3					SHIELDOI	8	
XA 0002-0009()	XA	0002-0037()	XA	0002-0020()	SHIELDO2	2	
KA 0022-0009()	XA	0022-0020()					SHIELDO2	22	
XA 0003-0040()	XA	0003-0058()					SHIELDO3	5	
KA 0005-0009(2	XA	0005-0037()	XA	0005-0020()	SHIELDOS	5	
KA 0007-0040()	XA	0007-0058(3					SHIELD07	,	
KA 0009-0009()	XA	0009-0037()	XA	0009-0020()	SHIELDOS		
XA 0003-0042()	J	0006-00071	3					SIGCH01		т
XA 0003-0076()	J	0006-0042()					SIGCH01	Т	т
(A 0007-00421)	J	0006-0010()					SIGCH02		Т
KA 0007-0076()	J	0006-0045()					SIGCH02		Т
(A 0011-0042()	J	0006-0013()					SIGCH03		Г
KA 0011-0076()	J	0006-0048()					SIGCH03		T
(A 0015-0042()	J	0006-0016()					SIGCH04		r
KA 0015-0076()	J	0006-0051()					SIGCH04		т
KA 0020-0042()	J	0006-0019()					SIGCH05		Т
(A 0020-0076(}	J	0006-0054()					SIGCH05		τ
(A 0024-0042()	J	0006-0022()					SIGCH06		T
KA 0024-0076()	J	0006-0057()					SIGCH06		T
(A 0029-0042()	L	0006-0025()					SIGCH07	R	
(A 0029-00761)	J	0006-0060()					SIGCH07	T	
										•	-

S I (GNAL STRING	LIST							•	DWG	40.	
AS	SY REF DES =	NATO							•	REV	SHEET	7
	URCE WIRE LI				REV			******	•	CODE	IDENT 046	55
PI	LOCATIONS	(DRAW	ING	NUMBER	REFE	RENCE	*:	OUTPUT			NET NAME	Ţ
XA	0033-0076()	J	0006-00	0641	3					SIGCH08	тт
XA XA XA	0043-0001(0024-0048(0011-0048(}	XA XA XA	0033-00 0020-00 0007-00)48(}	XA	0029-00 0015-00 0003-00	48(}	TN2600-70	DB
XA XA XA XA XA	0043-0002(0029-0075(0022-0007(0015-0075(0009-0007(0003-0075())))	XA XA XA XA XA	0033-00 0026-00 0020-00 0013-00 0007-00 0002-00)07()75()07()75()	XA	0031-00 0024-00 0018-00 0011-00 0005-00	75(07(75()))	11050-10[98
XA	0003-0071()	J	0006-00)06()					XMTCHOLIN	IR T
XA	0003-0074()	J	0006-00	941()					XMTCHOLIN	тт
XA	0003-0037()	J	0005-00)12()					XMTCHOIOT	RT
XA	0003-0038()	J	0005-00)47()					XMTCH01DT	тт
XA	0007-0071()	J	0006-00	091)					XMTCHO2IN	IR T
XA	0007-0074(3	J	0006-00	44()					XMTCH02IN	IT T
XA	0007-0037()	J	0005-00	14()					XNTCHO2DT	RT
XA	0007-0038()	J	0005-00)49(3					XMTCH0201	тт
XA	0011-0071()	J	0006-00	12(3					XMTCHO3IN	RT
XA	0011-0074(3	J	0006-00	47(3					XMTCHO3IN	ТТ
XA	0011-0037(>	J	0005-00	16()					хмтснозот	RT
XA	0011-0038(3	J	0005-00	51()					ХМТСНОЗОТ	тт
XA	0015-0071(3	J	0006-00	15()					XMTCH04IN	IR T
XA	0015-0074(3	J	0006-00	50()					XMTCH04IN	ТТ
XA	0015-0037()	J	0005-00	18()					XMTCH040T	RT
XA	0015-0038()	J	0005-00	53()					XMTCH040T	тт
XA	0020-0071(2	J	0006-00	18()					XMTCH05IN	RT
XA	0020-0074()	J	0006-00	53(3					XMTCH05IN	ТТ
XA	0020-0037()	J	0005-00	201)					XMTCH05DT	r T
XA	0020-0038()	J	0005-00	55()					XMTCHOSOT	тт
XA	0024-0071()	J	0006-00	21(3					XMTCH06IN	RT
XA	0024-0074()	J	0006-00	56()					XMTCH06IN	TT
XA	0024-0037(3	J	0005-00	221)					XMTCHOSDT	RT
XA	0024-0038()	J	0005-00	57()					XMTCH060T	тт
XA	0029-0071()	J	0006-00	24()					XMTCH07IN	RT
XA	0029-0074()	J	0006-00	59()					XMTCH07IN	тт
XA	0029-0037()	J	0005-00	24()					XMTCH07DT	RT

SIGNAL STRING	LIST					. DWG NO.	
ASSY REF DES =	NATC)				REV SHEET	8
SOURCE WIRE L	IST =		REV			CODE IDENT 0465	5
PIN LOCATIONS	(DRAM	ING	NUMBER REFER	ENCE	*=OUTPUT	NET NAME	T
XA 0029-00381)	J	0005-0059 ()		XMTCH070T	тт
XA 0033-0071()	J	0006-0028()		XMTCH08IN	IR T
XA 0033-00741)	J	0006-0063()		XMTCH08 IN	IT T
XA 0033-0037()	J	0005-0026()		XMTCH080T	RT
XA 0033-0038()	J	0005-0061()		XMTCH08DT	TT

Table 3-7. NATO Interface Unit, Redundant Cable Wire Run List

NOTES

- 1. Workmanship per MIL-STD-454, Requirement 9.
- 2. Partial reference designations are shown. For complete designations prefix with unit number or assembly or subassembly designations as applicable.
- 3. Termination marking required. Hot-stamp per MIL-M-81531, black characters, centrally located. Marking to be the same as indicated in the applicable location column unless otherwise specified.
- 4. Entries in Group column denote specific lengths, see figures 3-2 and 3-3.
- 5. Solder per MIL-STD-454, Requirement 5.
- 6. A plus symbol before a pin letter (example: J2 +A) indicates a lower case letter.
- 7. Heat shrink into position as shown.
- 8. Quantity in inches, cut to 3/4 inch lengths.
- 9. For connector and jackscrew information see table 3-8.
- 10. For P1 keying, install item 6 (keying, pin) into location numbers 27 and 62.
- 11. For P2 keying, install item 6 (keying, pin) into location numbers 33 and 68.
- 12. Quantity in feet.
- 13. Quantity in inches.
- 14. For P3 keying, install item 6 (keying, pin) into location number 30.
- 15. The numeral "15" in the applicable Note column denotes that two (2) wire ends are common to one piece of termination hardware.

DATE 4/18/78 RE	DUNDANT CABLE RUN LIST	DWG ND. SM-B-812375 REV	PAGE 1
SEQUENCE	FROM	το	
SHT LN C WI CLR FND	KY NOTES LOCATION S FIND 1 2 H LUG S		P FUNCTION
KCD KSQ		ND LENGTH NOTES MARKING S STP FND SC ER 345 H FER	C FUNCTION
005 11 1 WHT	6 3 J2-+A	8 3 P1-48 2 8 A	A XMTCH020TT
005 11 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	XMTCH020TT
005 13 1 7 BLK	6 3 J2-+B	8 3 P1-16 2 8 4	A RCVCH03INR
005 13 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	RCVCH03INR
005 14 1 WHT	6 3 J2-+C	8 3 P1-51 2 8 4	A RCVCH03INT
005 14 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	RCVCH03INT
006 01 1 7 BLK	6 3 J2-+D	8 3 P1-15 2 8 4	A XMTCH030TR
006 01 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	XMTCH030TR
006 02 1 WHT	6 3 J2-+E	8 3 P1-50 2 8 4	A XMTCH030TT
006 02 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	XMTCH030TT
006 04 1 7 BLK	6 3 J2-+F	8 3 P1-18 2 8 4	A PCVCH04INR
006 04 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	RCVCH04INR
006 05 1 WHT	6 3 J2-+G	8 3 P1-53 2 8 4	A RCVCH04INT
006 05 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	RCVCH04INT
006 07 1 7 BLK	6 3 J2-+H	8 3 P1-17 2 8 4	A XMTCH040TR
006 07 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	XMTCH040TR
006 08 1 WHT	6 3 J2-+K	8 3 P1-52 2 8 0	A XMTCH040TT
006 08 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	XMTCH040TT
006 10 1 7 BLK	6 3 J2-+M	8 3 P1-20 2 8 4	A RCVCH05INR
006 10 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	RCVCH05INR
006 11 1 WHT	6 3 J2-+N	8 3 P1-55 2 8 4	A RCVCH05INT
006 11 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	RCVCH05INT
006 13 1 7 BLK	6 3 J2-+P	8 3 P1-19 2 8 4	A XMTCH050TR
006 13 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	XMTCH050TR
006 14 1 WHT	6 3 J2-+Q	8 3 P1-54 2 8 4	A XMTCH050TT
006 14 2	0.19	0.0 0.12	XMTCH050TT

DATE 4/18/78 RE	DUNDANT CABLE RUN	LIST		DWG NO	• SM-8-812375	REV		PAGE 2
SEQUENCE	FRO	M		•••••	то		•	
SHT LN C WI CLR FND	KY NOTES LOCATION 1 2	S FIND H LUG SLV	ROUTE	KY NOTES 1 2	LOCATION	S FIND H LUG SL	G P V	FUNCTION
KCD KSQ	NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND H FER	LENGTH	NOTES 3 4 5	MARKING	S STP FN H FE		FUNCTION
007 01 1 7 BLK 007 01 2	6 3 J2-+R	8 0.19	0.0	3	P1-22	2 8 0.12		RCVCH06INR RCVCH06INR
007 02 1 WHT 007 02 2	6 3 J2-+S	8 0.19	0-0	3	P1-57	2 8 0.12		RCVCH06INT RCVCH06INT
007 04 1 7 BLK 007 04 2	6 3 J2-+T	8 0.19	0.0	3	P1-21	2 8 0.12		XMTCHO6GTR XMTCHO6DTR
007 05 1 WHT 007 05 2	6 3 J2-+U	8 0.19	0.0	3	P1-56	2 8 0.12		XMTCH060TT XMTCH060TT
007 07 1 7 BLK 007 07 2	6 3 J2-+V	8 0.19	0.0	3	P1-24	2 8 0.12		RCVCH07INR RCVCH07INR
007 08 1 WHT 007 08 2	6 3 J2-+W	8 0.19	0.0	3	P1-59	2 8 0.12	Α	RCVCH07INT RCVCH07INT
007 10 1 7 BLK 007 10 2	6 3 J2-+X	8	0.0	3	P1-23	28 0.12		XMTCH070TR XMTCH070TR
007 11 1 WHT 007 11 2	6 3 J2-+Y	8 0.19	0.0	3	P1-58	2 8 0.12	3 Α	XMTCH070TT XMTCH070TT
007 13 1 7 BLK 007 13 2	6 3 · J2−+Z	8 0.19	0.0	3	P1-26	2 8 0.12	3 Α	RCVCH08INR RCVCH08INR
007 14 1 WHT 007 14 2	3 J2-AA	8 0.19	0.0	3	P1-61	2 8 0.12	3 A	RCVCH08INT RCVCH08INT
008 01 1 7 BLK 008 01 2	3 J2-BB	8 0.19	0.0	3	P1-25	2 0.12	Δ 6	XMTCH080TR XMTCH080TR
008 02 1 WHT 008 02 2	3 J2-CC	8 0.19	0.0	3	P1-60	2 0.12	ЗА	ХМТСН080ТТ Хмтсн080ТТ
008 04 1 7 WHT 008 04 2	3 J2-DD	8 0.19	0.0	3	P1-27	2 0.12	8 A	E1-EOW2 E1-EOW2

DATE 4/18/78 REDUN	NDANT CABLE RUN LIS	т	DWG NO. SM-B-812375	S REV	PAGE 3
SEQUENCE	••••• FROM ••	• • • • • • • • • • •	TO		
SHT LN C WI CLR KY FND	NOTES LOCATION 1 2	S FIND ROUTE H LUG SLV	KY NOTES LOCATION 1 2	S FIND GP H LUG SLV	FUNCTION
KCD KSQ NO 3	DTES MARKING 4 5	S STP FND LENGTH H FER	NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND SC H FER	FUNCTION
008 05 1 BLK 008 05 2	3 J2-EE	8 0.19 0.0	3 P1-62	2 8 A 0.12	E2-E0W2 E2-E0W2
008 07 1 7 WHT 008 07 2 *	3 J2-FF	8 0.19 0.0	3 P1-28	2 8 A 0.12	GND
008 08 1 BLK 008 08 2	3 J2-GG	8 0.19 0.0	3 P1-63	2 8 A 0.12	GND GND
005 01 1 7 BLK 005 01 2	3 J2-T	8 0.19 0.0	3 P1-12	284 0.12	RCVCH01INR RCVCH01INR
005 02 1 WHT 005 02 2	3 J2-U	8 0.19 0.0	3 P1-47	2 8 A 0.12	RCVCH01INT RCVCH01INT
005 04 1 7 BLK 005 04 2	3 J2-V	8 0.19 0.0	3 P1-11	2 8 A 0.12	XMTCH010TR XMTCH010TR
005 05 1 WHT 005 05 2	3 J2-W	8 0.19 0.0	3 P1-46 D	2 8 4 0.12	XMTCH010TT XMTCH010TT
005 07 1 7 BLK 005 07 2	3 J2-X	8 0.19 0.0	3 P1-14	284 0.12	A RCVCH02INR RCVCH02INR
005 08 1 WHT 005 08 2	3 J2-Y	8 0.19 0.1	3 P1-49 0	2 8 4 0.12	A RCVCH02INT RCVCH02INT
005 10 1 7 BLK 005 10 2	3 J2-Z	8 0.19 0.0	3 P1-13 D	2 8 / 0.12	A XMTCHO2OTR XMTCHO2OTR
011 05 1 BLK 011 05 2	6 3 J3-+A	8 0.19 0.4	3 P2-51 0	286 0.12	B SIGCH04SYX SIGCH04SYX
011 07 1 7 WHT 011 07 2	6 3 J3-+8	8 0.19 0.4	3 P2-17 0	288 0.12	B RCVCH050TT RCVCH050TT
011 08 1 BLK 011 08 2	6 3 J3-+C	8 0.19 0.	3 P2-52 0	2 8 8 0.12	B RCVCH050TR RCVCH050TR

DATE 4/18/78 R	EDUNDANT CABLE RUN LIST		DWG ND. SM-B-812375		PAGE 4
SEQUENCE	•••••• FROM ••••••	•••••	TO		
SHT LN C WI CLR FND		FIND ROUTE IG SLV	KY NOTES LOCATION 1 2	S FIND GP H LUG SLV	FUNCTION
KCD KSQ	NOTES MARKING SST 3 4 5 H		NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND SC H FER	FUNCTION
011 10 1 7 BLK 011 10 2		8 19 0.0	3 P2-18	2 8 B 0.12	XMTCH05INR XMTCH05INR
011 11 1 WHT 011 11 2	6 3 J3-+E 0.	8 19 0.0	3 P2-53	2 8 B 0.12	XMTCH05INT XMTCH05INT
011 13 1 7 WHT 011 13 2		8 19 0.0	3 P2-19	2 8 B 0.12	SIGCH05SXY SIGCH05SXY
011 14 1 BLK 011 14 2		8 19 0.0	3 P2-54	2 8 B 0.12	SIGCH05SYX SIGCH05SYX
012 01 1 7 WHT 012 01 2		ð 19 0.0	3 P2-20	2 8 B 0.12	RCVCH060TT RCVCH060TT
012 02 1 BLK 012 02 2		8 19 0.0	3 P2-55	2 8 B 0.12	RCVCH060TR RCVCH060TR
012 04 1 7 BLK 012 04 2	6 3 J3-+M 0.	8 0.0	3 P2-21	2 8 B 0.12	XMTCH06INR XMTCH06INR
012 05 1 WHT 012 05 2		8 19 0.0	3 P2-56	2 8 8 0.12	XMTCH06INT XMTCH06INT
012 07 1 7 WHT 012 07 2	6 3 J3-+P 0.	8 19 0.0	3 P2-22	2 8 B 0.12	SIGCH06SXY SIGCH06SXY
012 08 1 BLK 012 08 2		8 19 0.0	3 P2-57	2 8 B 0.12	SIGCHO6SYX SIGCHO6SYX
012 10 1 7 WHT 012 10 2		8 19 0.0	3 P2-23	2 8 B 0.12	RCVCH070TT RCVCH070TT
012 11 1 BLK 012 11 2		8 19 0.0	3 P2-58	2 8 B 0.12	RCVCH070TR RCVCH070TR
012 13 1 7 BLK 012 13 2	6 3 J3-+T 0.	8 19 0.0	3 P2-24	2 8 B 0.12	XMTCH07INR XMTCH07INR

DAT	•	4,	/18/	78 R	EDUNDA	ΝT	CABLE RUN I	LIST				DWG ND	• SM-B-8123	75 REV			PAGE 5
SEQ	JEN	CE			• • • • •	• • •	•••• FROM	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • •		••••••	TO .	• • • • • • • • •	••••		
SHT	LN	C	WI FND	CLR	KY NOT 1		LOCATION	-	F II LUG		RUUTE	KY NOTES 1 2	LOCATION	S FI H LUG	NÐ SL V	GP	FUNCTION
			KCD	KSQ	NOTES 3 4	5	MARKING	S Н		FND FER	LENGTH	NOTES 3 4 5	MARKING	S STP H	FND FER	s c	FUNCTION
012 012				WHT	6	3	J3-+U		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-59	2 0.12		B	XMTCH07INT XMTCH07INT
013 013			7	WHT	6	3	J3-+V		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-25	2 0.12		8	SIGCH07SXY SIGCH07SXY
013 013				BLK	6	3	J3-+W		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-60	2 0.12		8	SIGCH07SYX SIGCH07SYX
013 013			7	WHT	6	3	J3-+X		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-26	2 0.12		8	RCVCH080TT RCVCH080TT
013 013				BLK	6	3	J3-+Y		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-61	2 0.12		в	RCVCH080TR RCVCH080TR
013 013			7	BLK	6	3	J3-+Z		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-28	2 0.12		B	XMTCH081NR XMTCH081NR
009 009			7	WHT	3		J3-A		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-5	2 0.12		B	RCVCH010TT RCVCH010TT
013 013				WHT	3		J 3-AA		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-63	2 0.12		8	XMTCH08INT XMTCH08INT
009 009				BLK	3		J3-B		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-40	2 0.12		В	RCVCHOIOTR RCVCHOIOTR
013 013			7	WHT	3		J3-38		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-29	0.12		8	SIGCH08SXY SIGCH08SXY
009 009		-	7	BLK	3		J3-C		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-6	2 0.12	-	в	XMTCH01INR XMTCH01INR
013 013				BLK	3		J3-CC		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-64	2 0.12		9	SIGCHO8SYX SIGCHO8SYX
009 009				WHT	3		J3≁D		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-41	2 0.12		ឋ	XMTCHO1INT XMTCHO1INT

DATE 4/18/78 REDUNDANT	CABLE RUN LIST		DWG NO. SM-B-81	23 7 5 REV	PAGE 6
SEQUENCE	••••• FROM •••••		TO	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
SHT LN C WI CLR KY NOTES FND 1 2		IND ROUTE SLV	KY NOTES LOCATION 1 2	S FIND GP H LUG SLV	FUNCTION
KCD KSQ NOTES 3 4 5	MARKING S STP H	FND LENGTH	NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND SC H FER	FUNCTION
013 13 1, 7 WHT 3	J3-DD	8	3 P2-30	2 8 i	B E4-EOWI
013 13 2	0.1	19 0.0		0.12	E4-EOWI
009 07 1 7 WHT 3	J3-E	8	3 P2-7	284	3 SIGCHO1SXY
009 07 2	0.1	19 0.0		0.12	SIGCHO1SXY
013 14 1 BLK 3	J3-EE	8	3 P2-65	2 8 E	3 E4-EOWI
013 14 2	0.1	19 0.0		0.12	E4-EOWI
009 08 1 BLK 3	J3-F	8	3 P2-42	2 8 i	3 SIGCHO1SYX
009 08 2	0.1	19 0.0		0.12	SIGCHO1SYX
014 01 1 7 WHT 3	J3-FF	8	3 P2-31	2 8 8	3 GND
014 01 2	0.1	19 0.0		0.12	GND
009 10 1 7 WHT 3	J3-G	8	3 P2-8	2 8 0	RCVCH020TT
009 10 2	0.1	19 0.0		0.12	RCVCH020TT
014 02 1 BLK 3 014 02 2	J3-GG 0.1	0	3 P2-66	2 8 1 0.12	B GND GND
009 11 1 BLK 3	J3-H	8	3 P2-43	2 8 6	RCVCH020TR
009 11 2	0.1	19 0.0		0.12	RCVCH020TR
009 13 1 7 BLK 3	J3-J	8	3 P2-9	2 8 0	B XMTCH02INR
009 13 2	0+1	19 0.0		0.12	XMTCH02INR
009 14 1 WHT 3	J3-K	8	3 P2-44	2 8	B XMTCH02INT
009 14 2	0.1	19 0.0		0.12	XMTCH02INT
010 01 1 7 WHT 3	J3-L	8	3 P2-10) 2 8	B SIGCHO2SXY
010 01 2	0.3	19 0.0		0.12	SIGCHO2SXY
010 02 1 BLK 3	J3-M	8	3 P2-45	5 2 8	B SIGCHO2SYX
010 02 2	0.1	19 0.0		0.12	SIGCHO2SYX
010 04 1 7 WHT 3	J3-N	8	3 P2-11	2 8	B RCVCH030TT
010 04 2	0.	19 0.0		0.12	RCVCH030TT

DAT	E	4	/18/	78 RI	EDUNDANT	CABLE RUN L	IST				DWG NO	• SM-B-8123	75 REV			PAGE 7
SEQ	UEI	NCE			• • • • • • • •	••••• FROM		••••	• • • •		•••••	TO .	• • • • • • • • • •	••••		
SHT	LI	NC	WI FND		KY NOTES 1 2	LOCATION		F IN LUG		ROUTE	KY NOTES 1 2	LOCATION	S FI H LUG		GΡ	FUNCTION
			KCD	KSQ	NOTES 3 4 5	MARKING	S H	STP	FND FER	LENGTH	NOTES 3 4 5	MARKING	S STP H	FND Fer	sc	FUNCTION
010 010				BLK	3	J3-P		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-46	2 0.12		в	RCVCH030TR RCVCH030TR
010 010			7	BLK	3	J3-R		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-12	2 0.12		В	XMTCHO3INR XMTCHO3INR
010 010				WHT	3	J3-S		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-47	2 0.12	-	В	XMTCH03INT XMTCH03INT
010 010				WHT	3	J3T		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-13	2 0.12		8	SIGCH03SXY SIGCH03SXY
010 010				BLK	3	J3-U		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-48	2 0.12		В	SIGCH03SYX SIGCH03SYX
010 010				WHT	3	J3-V		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2 - 14	2 0.12		B	RCVCH040TT RCVCH040TT
010 010	-	-		BLK	3	J3-₩		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-49	2 0.12		8	RCVCH040TR RCVCH040TR
011 011				BLK	3	J3-X		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2 - 15	2 0.12		8	XMTCH04INR XMTCH04INR
011 011				₩НТ	3	J 3-Y		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-50	2 0.12		В	XMTCH04INT XMTCH04INT
011 011				WHT	3	J3-Z		0.19	8	0.0	3	P2-16	2 0.12		В	SIGCH04SXY SIGCH04SXY
016 016				RED	3	PS1-(+1	5)	15 0.00		0.0	3	P3-18	2 0.12		¢	+15V +15V
015 015				RED	3	PS1-(+1	5)	15 0.00		0.0	3	P3-6	2 0.12	-	С	+15V +15V
016 016				RED	3	PS1-(-2)	8)	15 0.00		0.0	3	P3-19	2 0.12		c	-28∨ -28∨

						NATO Interfa			•										
DATE		41	18/7	8 R E	DUNDANT	CABLE RUN LISI	r				(DWG NO	• SM-B-812375	R	EV			I	PAGE 8
SEQU	ENC	Ε			• • • • • • • •	••••• FROM •••			•••		•••	• • • • • •	TO	• • •	• • • •	• • • •			
SHT	LN	с	WI FND	CLR	KY NOTES 1 2	LOCATION	S H	F IN LUG	ID SL V	ROUTE	KΥ	NOTES 12	LOCATION	-	F I LUG		GP	•	FUNCTION
			KCD	KSQ	NOTES 3 4 5		S H	STP	FND FER	LENGTH	NI 3	0TES 45	MARKING	S H	STP	FND Fer	sc	2	FUNCTION
015 015			13	RED	3	PS1-(-28)		15 0.00		0.0		3	P3-7		2 0.12		(-28∨ -28∨
015 015			13	RED	3	PS1-(+5)		15 0.00		0.0		3	P3-17		2 0.12		(-	+5V +5V
015 015			13	RED	3	PS1-(+5)		15 0.00		0.0	1	3	P3-5		2 0.12		(+5V +5V
015 015			14	VIO	3	PS1-(-10)		15 0.00		0.0)	3	P3-11		0.12			-	-10V -10V
016 016			14	V I O	3	PS1-(-10)		15 0.00		0.0)	3	P3-22		0.1		. 4	-	-10V -10V
015 015			13	RED	3	PS1-(-15)		15 0.00		0.0)	3	P3-13		0.1	-			-15V -15V
016 016			14	VIO	3	PS1-(-15)	I	15 0.00		0.0)	3	P3-23		0.1	-	•	-	-15V -15V
016 016			13	RED	3	PS1-(-5)		15 0.00	-	0.0)	3	P3-21		0.1		1		-5V -5V
015 015				VIC) 3	PS1-(-5)		15 0.00		0.0)	3	P3-9		0.1		;	С	-5V -5V
	03 03			BLK	15	PS1-GND		0.00)	0.0	0	3	P1-28		0.1		3	С	GND GND
	05 05			BLK	31	5 PS1-GND		16 0.00		0.0)	3	P1-29		0.1		3	С	GND GND
	07 07			BLK	(15	PS1-GND		0.00)	0.0	D	3	P1-31		0.1	_	3	С	GND GND
	09 09			BLK	31	5 PS1-GND		16 0.00		0.0	0	3	P1-32		0.1	-	3	С	GND GND

 Table 3-7.
 NATO Interface Unit.
 Redundant Cable Wire Run List - Continued

DATE 4/18/78 R	EDUNDANT CABLE RUN LI	ST	DWG ND. SM-B-812375 REV	PAGE 9
SEQUENCE	••••• FROM •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
SHT LN C WI CLR	KY NOTES LOCATION	S FIND ROUTE	KY NOTES LOCATION S FIND	GP FUNCTION
FND	1 2	H LUG SLV	1 2 H LUG SLV	
KCD KSQ	NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND LENGTH H FER	NOTES MARKING S STP FND 3 4 5 H FER	SC FUNCTION
016 05 1 12 BLH	K 3 PS1-GND	15 8	3 P3-20 2 8	C GND
016 05 2		0.00 0.0	0.12	GND
017 01 1 12 BL	3 PS1-GND	15 8	3 P3-25 2 8	C GND
017 01 2		0.00 0.0	0.12	GND
005 01 1 7 BLF 005 01 2	K 3 P1-11	2 8 0.12 0.0		A RCVCHOIINR RCVCHOIINR
005 04 1 7 BL 005 04 2	3 P1-12	2 8 0.12 0.0		A XMTCHOIOTR XMTCHOIOTR
005 07 1 7 BLH	3 P1-13	2 8	3 J2-X 8	A RCVCHO2INR
005 07 2		0.12 0.0	0.19	RCVCHO2INR
005 10 1 7 BLM 005 10 2	3 P1-14	2 8 0.12 0.0		A XMTCHO2OTR XMTCHO2OTR
005 13 1 7 BLM	3 P1-15	2 8	6 3 J2-+8 8	A RCVCH03INR
005 13 2		0.12 0.0	0.19	RCVCH03INR
006 01 1 7 BLK 006 01 2	3 P1-16	2 8 0.12 0.0		A XMTCHO3OTR XMTCHO3OTR
006 04 1 7 BLK	3 P1-17	2 8	6 3 J2-+F 8	A RCVCH04INR
006 04 2		0.12 0.0	0.19	RCVCH04INR
006 07 1 7 BLK 006 07 2	3 P1-18	2 8 0.12 0.0		A XMTCH040TR XMTCH040TR
006 10 1 7 BLK	3 P1-19	2 8	6 3 J2-+M 8	A RCVCH05INR
006 10 2		0.12 0.0	0.19	RCVCH05INR
006 13 1 7 BLK	3 P1-20	2 8	6 3 J2-+P 8	A XMTCH050TR
006 13 2		0.12 0.0	0.19	XMTCH050TR
007 01 1 7 BLK	3 P1-21	2 8	6 3 J2-+R 8	A RCVCH06INR
007 01 2		0.12 0.0	0.19	RCVCH06INR

Table 3-7. NATO Interface Unit, Redundant Cable Wire Run List - Continued

DATE 4/18/78 R	EDUNDANT CABLE RUN	LIST	DWG ND. SM-B-812375 RE	V PAGE 10
SEQUENCE	FROM	••••	•••••• TO •••••	•••••
SHT LN C WI CLR FND	KY NOTES LOCATION 1 2	S FIND ROUTE H LUG SLV		FIND GP FUNCTION UG SLV
KCD KSQ	NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND LENGTH H FER	NOTES MARKING SS 345 H	TP FND SC FUNCTION FER
007 04 1 7 BLK 007 04 2	3 P1-22	2 8 0.12 0.0	6 3 J2-+T 0 0	8 A XMTCH060TR 19 XMTCH060TR
007 07 1 7 BLK 007 07 2	3 P1-23	2 8 0.12 0.0	6 3 J2-+V 0 0	8 A RCVCH07INR 19 RCVCH07INR
007 10 1 7 BLK 007 10 2	3 P1-24	2 8 0.12 0.0	6 3 J2-+X	8 A XMTCHO7OTR 0.19 XMTCHO7OTR
007 13 1 7 BLK 007 13 2	3 P1-25	2 8 0.12 0.0	6 3 J2-+Z 0	8 A RCVCH08INR .19 RCVCH08INR
008 01 1 7 BLK 008 01 2	3 P1-26	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 J2-BB 0	8 A XMTCHO8OTR 19 XMTCHO8OTR
008 04 1 7 WHT 008 04 2	3 P1-27	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 J2-DD 0	8 A E1-EOW2 .19 E1-EOW2
008 07 1 7 WHT 008 07 2	3 P1-28	28 0.12 0.0	3 J2-FF 0 0	8 A GND •19 GND
017 03 1 12 BLK 017 03 2	3 P1-28	2 8 0.12 0.0	15 PS1-GND 0	C GND •00 GND
017 05 1 12 BLK 017 05 2	3 P1-29	2 8 0.12 0.0		16 11 C GND •00 GND
017 07 1 12 BLK 017 07 2	3 P1-31	2 8 0.12 0.0	15 PS1-GND 0 0	C GND •00 GND
017 09 1 12 BLK 017 09 2	3 P1-32	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 15 PS1-GND 0	16 11 C GND •00 GND
005 02 1 WHT 005 02 2	3 P1-46	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 J2-U 0 0	8 A RCVCHO1INT .19 RCVCHO1INT
005 05 1 WHT 005 05 2	3 P1-47	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 J2-W	8 A XMTCHO1OTT 19 XMTCHO1OTT

Table 3-7. NATO Interface Unit, Redundant Cable Wire Run List - Continued

DATE 4/18/78 R	EDUNDANT C	ABLE RUN LI	ST		DWG NO.	SM-8-812375	REV	PAGE 11
SEQUENCE	• • • • • • • • •	•••• FROM			••••••	то	• • • • • • • • • • • •	
SHT LN C WI CLR FND	KY NOTES 1 2	LOCATION	S FIND H LUG SLV	ROUTE	KY NOTES 1 2	LOCATION	S FIND H LUG SLV	GP FUNCTION
KCD KSQ	NOTES 3 4 5	MARKING	S STP FND H FER	LENGTH	NOTES 3 4 5	MARKING	S STP FND H FER	SC FUNCTION
005 08 1 WHT 005 08 2	3	P1-48	2 8 0.12	0.0	3	J2-Y	8 0.19	A RCVCH02INT RCVCH02INT
005 11 1 WHT 005 11 2	3	P1-49	2 8 0.12	0.0	63	J2-+A	8 0.19	A XMTCH02DTT XMTCH02DTT
005 14 1 WHT 005 14 2	3	P1-50	2 8 0.12	0.0	63	J2-+C	8 0.19	A RCVCH03INT RCVCH03INT
006 02 1 WHT 006 02 2	г 3	P1-51	2 8 0.12	0.0	63	J2-+E	8 0.19	A XMTCH030TT XMTCH030TT
006 05 1 WHT 006 05 2	r 3	P1-52	2 8 0.12	0.0	63	J2-+G	8 0.19	A RCVCH04INT RCVCH04INT
006 08 1 WH1 006 08 2	г з	P1-53	2 8 0.12	3 0.0	63	J2-+K	0. 19	A XMTCH040TT XMTCH040TT
006 11 1 WH1 006 11 2	r 3	P1-54	2 8 0.1-2	0.0	63	J2-+N	8	A RCVCH05INT RCVCH05INT
006 14 1 WH1 006 14 2	г 3	P1-55	2 8 0.12	3 0.0	63	J2-+Q	8 0.19	A XMTCH050TT XMTCH050TT
007 02 1 WHT 007 02 2	г 3	P1-56	2 8 0.12	0.0	63	J2-+S	8 0.19	A RCVCH06INT RCVCH06INT
007 05 1 WHT 007 05 2	г з	P1-57	2 8 0.12	0.0	63	J2-+ U	8 0.19	A XMTCH060TT XMTCH060TT
007 08 1 WHT 007 08 2	гз	P1-58	2 8 0.12	3 0.0	63	J2-+W	8 0.19	A RCVCH07INT RCVCH07INT
007 11 1 WH1 007 11 2	r 3	P1-59	2 8 0.12	3 0.0	63	J2-+Y	8 0.19	A XMTCH070TT XMTCH070TT
007 14 1 WHT 007 14 2	т з	P1-60	2 8 0.12	B 0.0	3	J2-AA	8 0.19	A RCVCH08INT RCVCH08INT

DATE 4/18/78 R	EDUNDANT CABLE RUN	LIST	DWG NO. SM-8-812375 REV	PAGE 12
SEQUENCE	••••• FROM	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
SHT LN C WI CLR FND	KY NOTES LOCATION 1 2	S FIND ROUTE H LUG SLV	KY NOTES LOCATION S FIND G 1 2 H LUG SLV	P FUNCTION
KCD KSQ	NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND LENGTH H FER	NOTES MARKING SSTP FND S 3 4 5 H FER	C FUNCTION
008 02 1 WHT 008 02 2	3 P1-61	2 8 0.12 0.		А ХМТСНО80ТТ Хмтсно80тт
008 05 1 BLK 008 05 2	3 P1-62	28 0.12 0.		A E2-EOW2 E2-EOW2
008 08 1 BLK 008 08 2	3 P1-63	2 8 0.12 0.		A GND GND
010 01 1 7 WHT 010 01 2	3 P2-10	2 8 0.12 0.		B SIGCHO2SXY SIGCHO2SXY
010 04 1 7 WHT 010 04 2	3 P2-11	2 8 0.12 0.		B RCVCH030TT RCVCH030TT
010 07 1 7 BLK 010 07 2	3 P2-12	2 8 0.12 0.		B XMTCHO3INR XMTCHO3INR
010 10 1 7 WHT 010 10 2	3 P2-13	2 8 0.12 0.		B SIGCHO3SXY SIGCHO3SXY
010 13 1 7 WHT 010 13 2	3 P2-14	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 J3-V 8 8 D 0.19	RCVCH040TT RCVCH040TT
011 01 1 7 BLK 011 01 2	3 P2-15	28 0.12 0.1	3 J3-X 8 E D 0.19	3 XMTCH04INR XMTCH04INR
011 04 1 7 WHT 011 04 2	3 P2-16	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 J3-Ζ 8 E D 0•19	SIGCH04SXY SIGCH04SXY
011 07 1 7 WHT 011 07 2	3 P2-17	2 8 0.12 0.0	6 3 J3-+8 8 E D 0.19	RCVCH050TT RCVCH050TT
011 10 1 7 BLK 011 10 2	3 P2-18	2 8 0.12 0.0	6 3 J3-+D 8 E D 0.19	XMTCH05INR XMTCH05INR
011 13 1 7 WHT 011 13 2	3 P2-19	2 8 0-12 0-0	6 3 J3-+F 8 E) 0.19	SIGCH05SXY SIGCH05SXY

DATE	4	/18/	78 RI	EDUNDANT	CABLE RUN L	IST			DWG N	D. SM-B-81	.2375 REV		PAGE 13
SEQUI	ENCE	1		• • • • • • • •	FROM	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • .		••••••	т			
SHT	LN (WI FND		KY NOTES 1 2	LOCATION	S FI H LUG			KY NOTE 1 2	S LOCATION	N S FIND H LUG SLV	GΡ	FUNCTION
		KCD	KSQ	NOTES 3 4 5	MARKING	S STP H	FND FER	LENGTH	NDTES 3 4 5		S STP FND H FER	SC	FUNCTION
012 012			WHT	3	P2-20	2 0.12		0.0	6	3 J3-+ +	8 0.19	B	RCVCH060TT RCVCH060TT
012 012	04 04	L 7 2	BLK	3	P2-21	2 0.12		0.0	6	3 J3-+N	4 8 0.19	В	XMTCHO6INR XMTCHO6INR
012 012			WHT	3	P2-22	2 0.12		0.0	6	3 J3-+[8 0 . 19	В	SIGCH06SXY SIGCH06SXY
012 012			WHT	3	P2-23	2 0.12		0.0	6	3 J 3-+F	8 0.19	8	RCVCH070TT RCVCH070TT
012 012	13 : 13 :	L 7 2	BLK	3	P2-24	2 0.12		0.0	6	3 J3-+1	8 0.19	6	XMTCH07INR XMTCH07INR
013 (013 (WHT	3	P2-25	2 0.12		0.0	6	3 J3-+\	8 0.19	в	SIGCHO7SXY SIGCHO7SXY
013 (013 (WHT	3	P2-26	2 0.12		0.0	6	3 J3-+)	8 0.19	В	RCVCH080TT RCVCH080TT
013 (013 (BLK	3	P2-28	2 0.12		0.0	6	3 J3-+2	8 0.19	B	XMTCHO8INR XMTCH08INR
013 013			WHT	3	P2-29	2 0.12		0.0	3	J3-88	8 0.19	В	SIGCHO8SXY SIGCHO8SXY
013 013			WHT	3	P2-30	2 0.12		0.0	3	J3-D0) 8 0.19	В	E4-EOWI E4-EOWI
014 (014 (WHT	3	P2-31	2 0.12		0.0	3	J3-FF	8 0.19	8	GND GND
009 (009 (BLK	3	P2-40	2 0.12		0.0	3	J3-B	8 0.19	B	RCVCH010TR RCVCH010TR
009 (009 (WHT	3	P2-41	2 0.12		0.0	3	J 3-D	8 0.19		XMTCH01INT XMTCH01INT

 Table 3-7.
 NATO Interface Unit, Redundant Cable Wire Run List - Continued

DATE 4/18	8/78 RE		CABLE RUN L		ш, г	Ceuniuai		• SM-B-8123		PAGE 14
SEQUENCE		• • • • • • • • •	•••• FROM	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •		•••••	TO .	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	
SHT LN C WI	I CLR ND	KY NOTES 1 2	LOCATION	S FIN HLUG	ND SL V	ROUTE	KY NOTES 1 2	LOCATION	S FIND GP H LUG SLV	FUNCTION
ĸ	CD KSQ	NOTES 3 4 5	MARKING	S STP H	FND Fer	LENGTH	NOTES 3 4 5	MARKING	S STP FND SC H FER	FUNCTION
009 08 1 009 08 2	BLK	3	P2-42	2 0.12		0.0	3	J3-F	8 B 0.19	SIGCHO1SYX SIGCHO1SYX
009 11 1 009 11 2	BLK	3	P2-43	2 0.12		0.0	3	J3-H	8 B 0.19	RCVCH020TR RCVCH020TR
009 14 1 009 14 2	WHT	3	P2-44	2 0.12	8	0.0	3	J3-K	8 B 0.19	XMTCH02INT XMTCH02INT
010 02 1 010 02 2	BLK	3	P2-45	2 0.12	8	0.0	3	J3-M	8 B 0.19	SIGCHO2SYX SIGCHO2SYX
010 05 1 010 05 2	BLK	3	P2-46	2 0.12	8	0.0	3	J3-P	8 B 0.19	RCVCH030TR RCVCH030TR
010 08 1 010 08 2	WHT	3	P2-47	2 0.12	8	0.0	3	J3-S	8 B 0.19	XMTCHO3INT XMTCHO3INT
010 11 1 010 11 2	BLK	3	P2-48	2 0.12		0.0	3	J3-U	8 B 0.19	SIGCHO3SYX SIGCHO3SYX
010 14 1 010 14 2	BLK	3	P2-49	2 0.12	8	0.0	3	J3−₩	8 B 0.19	RCVCH040TR RCVCH040TR
009 01 1 009 01 2	7 WHT	3	P2-5	2 0.12	8	0.0	3	J3-A	8 B 0.19	RCVCH010TT RCVCH010TT
011 02 1 011 02 2	WHT	3	P2-50	2 0.12		0.0	3	J.3-Y	8 E 0.19	XMTCH04INT XMTCH04INT
011 05 1 011 05 2	BLK	3	P2-51	2 0.12		0.0	6 3	3 J3-+A	8 E 0.19	SIGCH04SYX SIGCH04SYX
011 08 1 011 08 2	BLK	3	P2-52	2 0.12		0.0	6 3	3 J3-+C	8 8 0.19	RCVCH050TR RCVCH050TR
011 11 1 011 11 2	₩НТ	3	P2-53	2 0.12		0.0	6 3	3 J3-+E	8 E 0.19	XMTCH05INT XMTCH05INT

Table 3-7. NATO Interface Unit, Redundant Cable Wire Run List - Continued

DATE 4/18/78 RE	DUNDANT CABLE RUN	LIST	DWG NO. SM-8-81237	5 REV	PAGE 15
SEQUENCE	FRO	M	TO	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	
SHT LN C WI CLR	KY NOTES LOCATION	S FIND ROU	TE KY NOTES LOCATION	S FIND G	P FUNCTION
FND	1 2	Hilug SLV	1 2	H LUG SLV	
KCD KSQ	NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND LEN H FER	GTH NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND S H FER	C FUNCTION
011 14 1 BLK	3 P2-54	2 8	6 3 J 3-+ G	8	B SIGCHO5SYX
011 14 2		0.12	0.0	0.19	SIGCHO5SYX
012 02 1 BLK	3 P2-55	2 8	6 3 J3-+K	8	B RCVCH060TR
012 02 2		0.12	0.0	0.19	RCVCH060TR
012 05 1 WHT	3 P2-50	2 8	6 3 J3-+N	8	B XMTCHO6INT
012 05 2		0.12	0.0	0.19	XMTCHO6INT
012 08 1 BLK	3 P2-5	2 8	6 3 J3-+Q	8	B SIGCHO6SYX
012 08 2		0.12	0•0	0.19	SIGCHO6SYX
012 11 1 BLK	3 P2-58	2 8	6 3 J3-+S	8	B RCVCH070TR
012 11 2		0.12	0.0	0.19	RCVCH070TR
012 14 1 WHT	3 P2-59	2 8	6 3 J3-+U	8	B XMTCH07INT
012 14 2		0.12	0.0	0.19	XMTCH07INT
009 04 1 7 BLK	3 P2-6	2 8	3 J3-C	8	B XMTCHO1INR
009 04 2		0.12	0.0	0.19	XMTCHO1INR
013 02 1 BLK	3 P2-60	2 8	6 3 J3-+W	8	B SIGCH07SYX
013 02 2		0.12	0.0	0.19	SIGCH07SYX
013 05 1 BLK	3 P2-61	2 8	6 3 J3-+Y	8	B RCVCH080TR
013 05 2		0.12	0.0	0.19	RCVCH080TR
013 08 1 WHT	3 P2-63	2 8	3 J3-AA	8	B XMTCHO8INT
013 08 2		0.12	0.0	0.19	XMTCHO8INT
013 11 1 BLK 013 11 2	3 P2-64	28 0.12	3 J3-CC	8 0.19	B SIGCHO8SYX SIGCHO8SYX
013 14 1 BLK	3 P2-6	2 8	3 J3-EE	8	B E4-EOWI
013 14 2		0.12	0.0	0.19	E4-EOWI
014 02 1 BLK	3 P2-60	2 8	3 J3-GG	8	B GND
014 02 2		0.12	0.0	0.19	GND

Table 3-7. NATO Interface Unit, Redundant Cable Wire Run List - Continued

DATE 4/18/78 RE	DUNDANT CABLE RUN L	IST	DWG NO. SM-8-812375	REV	PAGE 16
SEQUENCE	••••• FROM	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	то	• •• • • • • • • • •	
SHT LN C WI CLR FND	KY NOTES LOCATION 1 2	S FIND ROUTE H LUG SLV		S FIND GP HLUG SLV	FUNCTION
	NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND LENGTH H FER	NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND SC H FER	FUNCTION
009 07 1 7 WHT 009 07 2	3 P2-7	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 J3-E	8 E 0.19	SIGCHOISXY SIGCHOISXY
009 10 1 7 WHT 009 10 2	3 P2-8	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 J3-G	8 E 0.19	RCVCH020TT RCVCH020TT
009 13 1 7 BLK 009 13 2	3 P2-9	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 J3-J	8 E 0.19	3 XMTCH02INR XMTCH02INR
015 09 1 14 VIO 015 09 2	3 P3-11	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 PS1-(-10)	15 8 0 0.00	-10V -10V
015 11 1 13 RED 015 11 2	3 P3-13	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 PS1-(-15)	15 8 0 0.00	-15V -15V
015 13 1 13 RED 015 13 2	3 P3-17	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 PS1-(+5)	15 8 C 0.00	; +5V +5V
016 01 1 13 RED 016 01 2	3 P3-18	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 PS1-(+15)) 15 8 C 0.00	; +15V +15V
016 03 1 13 RED 016 03 2	3 P3-19	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 PS1-(~28)	15 8 0 0.00	; -28∨ -28∨
016 05 1 12 BLK 016 05 2	3 P3-20	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 PS1-GND	15 8 0 0.00	GND GND
016 09 1 13 RED 016 09 2	3 P3-21	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 PS1-(-5)	15 8 0 0.00	C -5V -5V
016 11 1 14 VIO 016 11 2	3 P3-22	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 PS1-(-10)	15 8 0 0.00	C -10V -10V
016 13 1 14 VIO 016 13 2	3 P3-23	2 8 0.12 0.0	3 PS1-(-15)) 15 8 (0.00	C -15V -15V

Table 3-7. NATO Interface Unit, Redundant Cable Wire Run List - Continued

DATE 4/18/78 R	EDUNDANT CABLE RUN LI	ST	DWG NO. SM-8-812375 REV	PAGE 17
SEQUENCE	••••• FROM •	•••••	ΤΟ	
SHT LN C WI CLR FND	KY NOTES LOCATION 1 2	S FIND ROUTE H LUG SLV	KY NOTES LOCATION S FIND GF 1 2 H LUG SLV	P FUNCTION
KCD KSQ	NOTES MARKING 3 4 5	S STP FND LENGTH H FER	NOTES MARKING S STP FND SC 3 4 5 H FER	C FUNCTION
017 01 1 12 BLK 017 01 2	3 P3-25	2 8 0.12 0.1		GND GND
015 01 1 13 RED 015 01 2	3 P3-5	2 8 0.12 0.		2 +5V +5V
015 03 1 13 RED 015 03 2	3 P3-6	2 8 0.12 0.		C +15V +15V
015 05 1 13 REC 015 05 2) 3 P3-7	2 8 0.12 0.		C -28V -28V

Table 3-7. NATO Interface Unit, Redundant Cable Wire Run List - Continued

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Table 3-8.	NATO Interface Unit, Redundant Cable Wire Run List,
	Associated Parts List

ITEM NO	QTY. Reqd ====		CODE I DENT	PART CR Identifying NO.	SPECIFICATION	NGMENCLATURE OR DESCRIPTION	NOTE NO.
1	3		80063	SMA838038-3		INSERT,ELC CONN	
2	106		80063	SMA838041-2		CONTACT, ELEC	
3	REF			DELETE		الماند الدائم بي بي من جو بي بي جو بي بي بي بي بي بي	
4	REF		80063	SMA838310-2		CONN, RCPT, ELEC	
5	REF		80063	SMA838310-5		CONN, PCPT, ELEC	
6	5		80063	SMA838498-1		DUMMY CONN, LAMP	
7	183	F	81349	EC24U0-9U	MIL-C-55021/1	CABLE	12
8	79	I	81349	CL1093IDYEL	MIL-I-23053/5	INSULATION SLVG	8
9	5	I	81349	CL1500IDYEL	MIL-I-23053/5	INSULATION SLVG	13
10	3	I	81349	CL1750IDYEL	MIL-1-23053/5	INSULATION SLVG	13
11	2	I	81349	CL11251 CYEL	MIL-I-23053/5	INSULATION SLVG	8
12	9	F	81349	TYPEE22AWGBLK	MIL-W-16878/4	WIRE, ELECTRICAL	12
13	9	F	81349	TYPEE22AWGRED	MIL-W-16878/4	WIRE, ELECTRICAL	12
14	9	F	81349	TYPEE22AWGVI0	MIL-W-16878/4	WIRE ELECTRICAL	12
15	19		96906	MS25036-102	MIL-T-7928	TERMINAL+LUG	
16	2		96906	MS25036-111	MIL-T-7928	TERMINAL.LUG	*
17	AP		81348	SN60WRMAP2-063D	QQ-S-571	SOLDER, TIN ALLY	
18	6		96906	MS51957-20	FF-S-92	SCREW, MACHINE	
19	6		96906	MS35338-135	FF-W-84	WASHER,LOCK	
20	6		96906	MS15795-803	FF-W-92	WASHER, FLAT	
21	6		96906	MS28775-005	MIL-P-25732	PACKING, PREFORM	

CHAPTER 4

GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

General support maintenance of the Converter, Telephone Signal CV-3478/TTC consists of printed circuit card repair. Refer to the maintenance allocation chart in TM 11-5805-681-12.

APPENDIX A

REFERENCES

DA PAM 310-1	Consolidated Index of Army Publications and Blank Forms.
SB 11-573	Painting and Preservation of Supplies Available for Field Use for Electronics Command Equipment.
TM 11-5805-681-12	Operator's and Organizational Maintenance Manual: Automatic Telephone Central Office, AN/TTC-39(V)(*)
TM 11-5805-715-12	Operator's and Organizational Maintenance Manual: Converter, Telephone Signal CV-3478/TTC
TM 11-5805-715-34P	Direct Support and General Support Repair Parts and Special Tools List: Converter, Telephone Signal CV- 3478/TTC
TM 38-750	The Army Maintenance Management System (TAMMS)
TM 740-90-1	Administrative Storage of Equipment
TM 746-10	Marking, Packaging and Shipment of Supplies and Equipment: General Packaging Instructions for Field Units.

APPENDIX B

EXPENDABLE SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS LIST

B-1. Scope

This appendix lists expendable supplies and materials you will need to operate and maintain the Converter, Telephone Signal CV-3478/TTC. These items are authorized to you by CTA 50-970, Expendable Items (except Medical, Class V, Repair Parts, and Heraldic Items).

B-2. Explanation of Columns

a. Column 1-Item number. This number is as- signed to the entry in the listing and is referenced in the narrative instructions to identify the material (e.g., "Use cleaning compound, item 5, appx. B"). b. Column 2-Level. This column identifies the lowest level of maintenance that requires the listed item.

C-Operator/Crew O-Organizational F-Direct Support Maintenance H-General Support Maintenance

c. Column 3-National Stock Number. This is the National stock number assigned to the item; use it to request or requisition the item.

d. Column 4-Description. Indicates the Federal item name and, if required, a description to identify the item. The last line for each item indicates the Federal Supply Code for Manufacturer (FSCM) in parentheses followed by a part.

e. Column 5-Unit of Measure (U/M). Indicates the measure used in performing the actual maintenance function. This measure is expressed by a two- character alphabetical abbreviation (e.g., ea, in., pr). If the unit of measure differs from the unit of issue, requisition the lowest unit of issue that will satisfy your requirements.

Section II EXPENDABLE SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS LIST

(1) ITEM	(2)	(3) PART	(4)	(5)
NO.	FSCM	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION AND USABLE ON CODE	QTY
1	0	7920-00-924-5700 *7920-00-965-4960	CCC-C-444 81348 CLOTH, CLEANING	EA
2	0	6850-00-105-3084	S237-6973 160Z 48294 TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE S237-6973-160Z 54418	16 Oz

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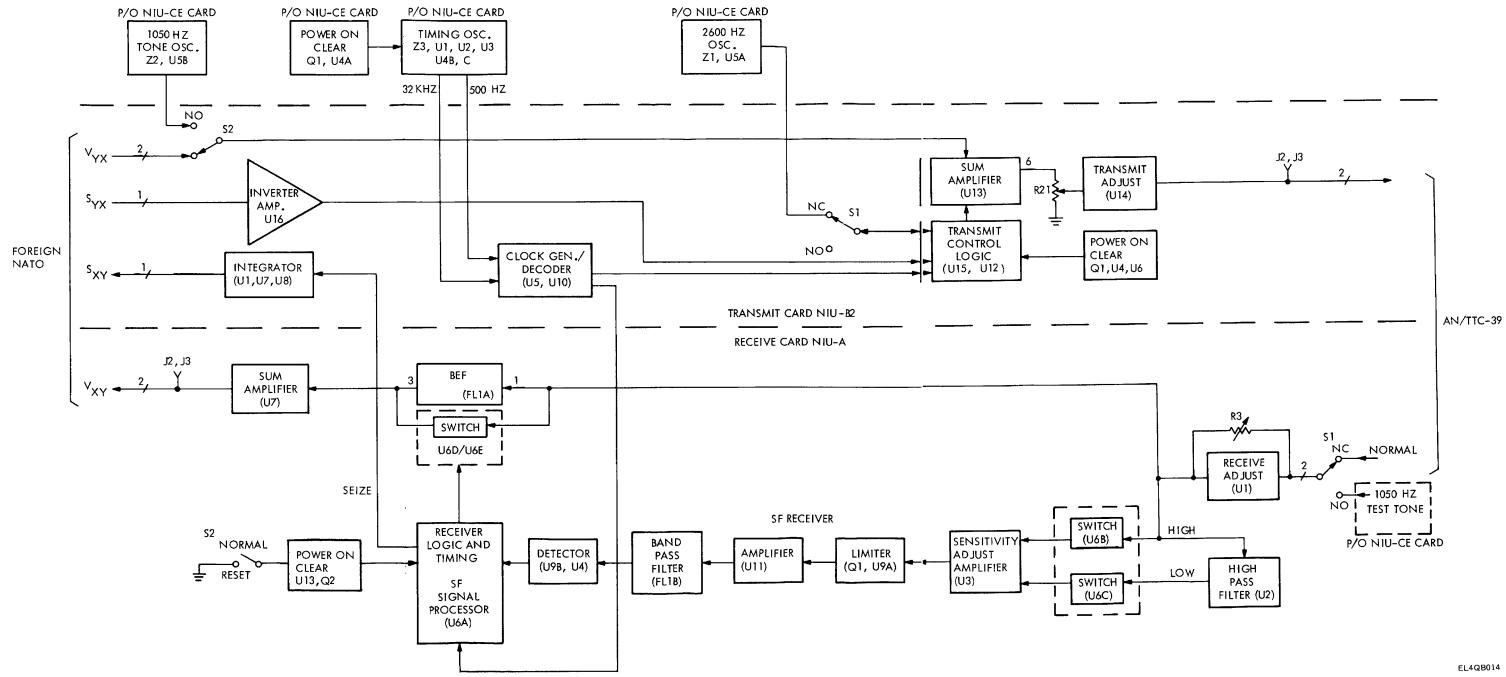
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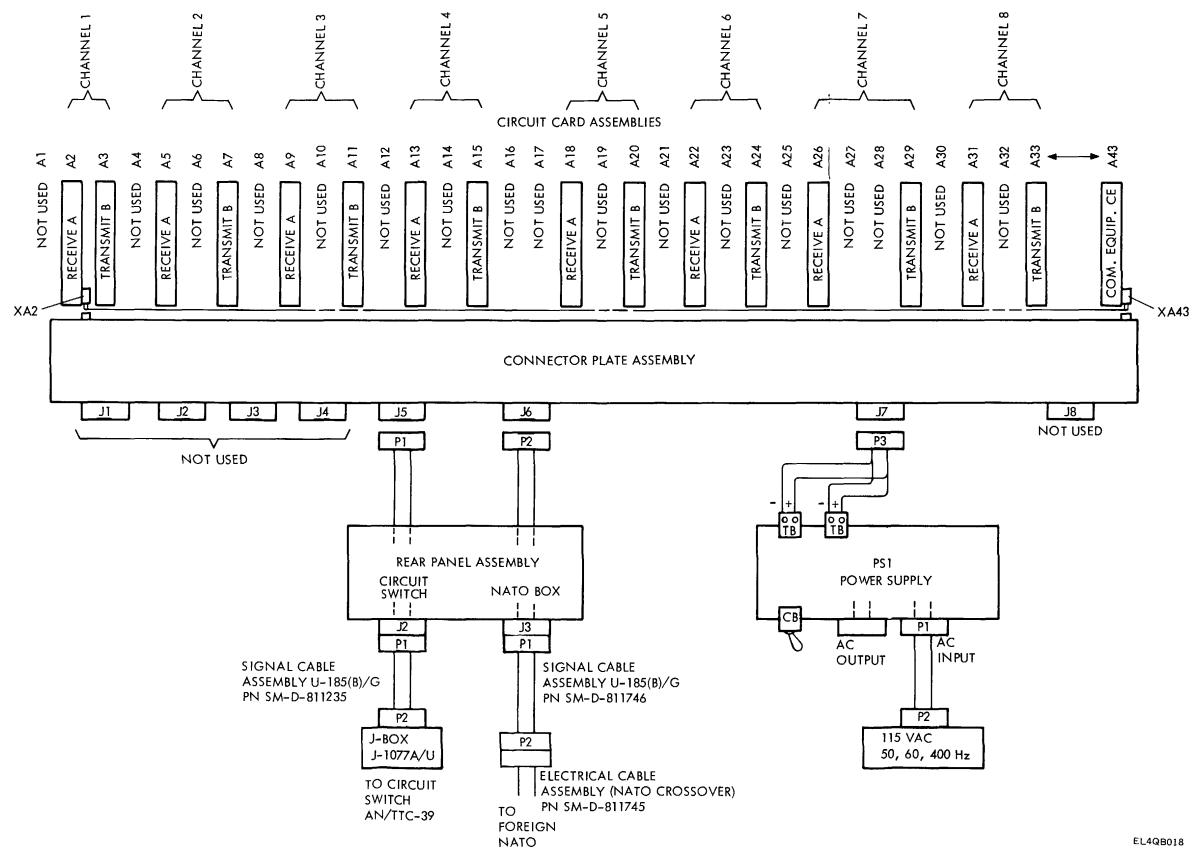
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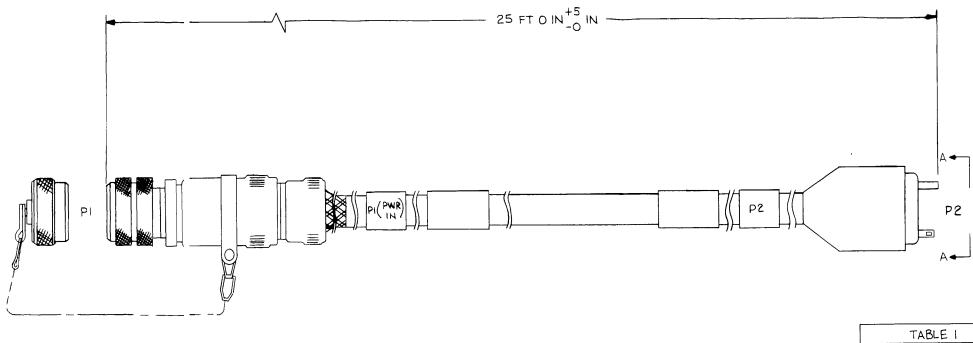
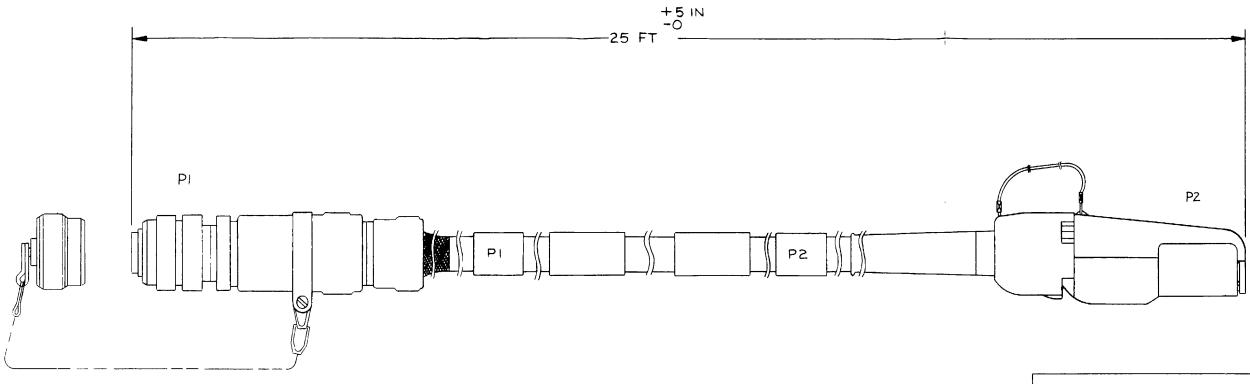


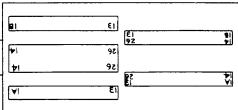
TABLE I				
WIRE	FROM	ТО		
BLK	PI-A	P2-BRASS		
WHT	PI-B	P2-WHITE		
GRN	PI-C	P2-GREEN		



VIEW A-A

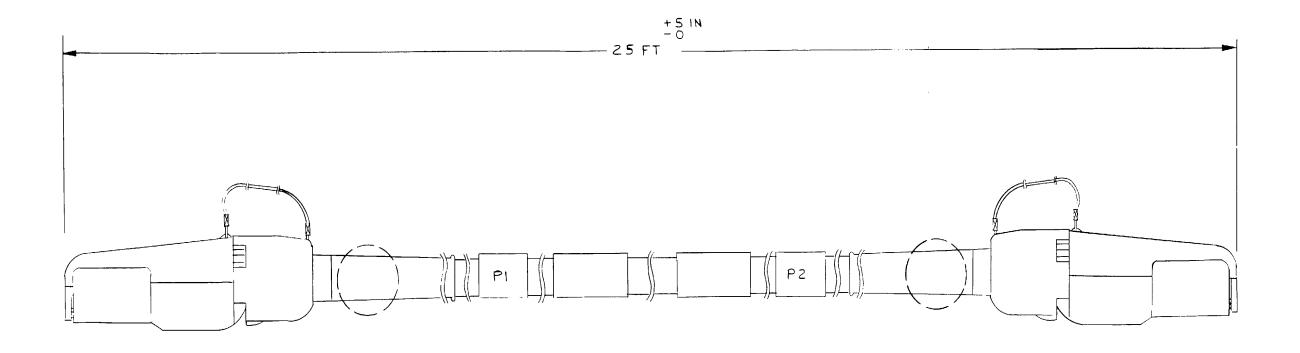


NOTE:

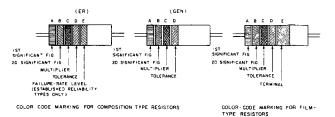


FRONT VIEW PZ

TYPICAL OF CABLES SM-D-811235 AND SM-D-811746.

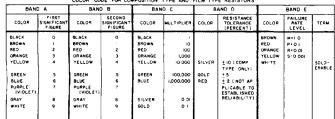


NOTE: NATO CROSSOVER CABLE SM-D-811745



COLOR CODE MARKING FOR COMPOSITION TYPE RESISTORS

TABLE I COLOR CODE FOR COMPOSITION TYPE AND FILM TYPE RESISTORS

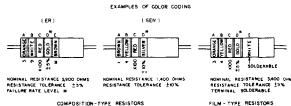


BAND A — THE FIRST SIGNIFICANT FIGURE OF THE RESISTANCE VALUE (BANDS & THRU D SMALL BE OF EQUAL WIDTH) BAND B — THE SECOND SIGNIFICANT FIGURE OF THE RESISTANCE VALUE

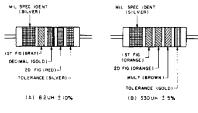
BAND B — THE SECOND SIGNIFICANT FIGURE OF THE RESISTANCE VALUE BAND C — THE NULTIPLIER IT THE MULTIPLIER IS THE FACTOR BY WHICH THE TWO SIGNIFICANT FIGURES ARE MULTIPLIED TO YIELD THE NOMMAL RESISTANCE SALE. BAND D — THE RESISTANCE TOLERANCE BAND E — WHEN USED NOLOMOSTION RESISTORS, BAND E INDICATES ESTABLISHED RELINALLITY FALLURE – BAND E INDICATES ESTABLISHED RELINALLITY FALLURE – THIS BAND SANL, BE APPROXIMATELY - UZ TIMES THE WIDTH OF DTHER BANDS AND INDICATES TYPE OF TERMINAL

RESISTANCES IDENTIFUE DE NUMBERS AND INCRATES TYPE OF TERMINAL RESISTANCES IDENTIFIED BY NUMBERS AND LETTERS ITHESE ARE NOT GOLOR CODED) SOME RESISTORS ARE IDENTIFIED BY THREE OR FOUR DIST ALPHA NUMERIC OSIGNATIONS THE LETTER IS USED IN FUEL OF A DOLMAL POINT WHEN FRACTIONAL VALUES OF AN DHH ARE EXPRESSED FOR EXAMPLE 287 - 2 7 OHMS IORO + 10 0 OHMS

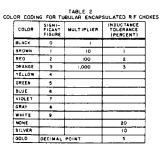
FOR WIRE-WOUND-TYPE RESISTORS COLOR COOING IS NOT USED, IDENTI-Fication marking is specified in Each of the applicable specifications



* IF BAND D IS OMITTED THE RESISTOR TOLERANCE IS \$ 20% AND THE RESISTOR IS NOT MIL-STD A COLOR CODE MARKING FOR MILITARY STANDARD RESISTORS



COLOR CODING FOR TUBULAR ENCAPSULATED RF CHOKES AT A AN EXAMPLE OF OF THE CODING FOR AN 82UH CHOKE IS GIVEN AT B, THE COLOR BANDS FOR A 330 UH INDUCTOR ARE ILLUSTRATED



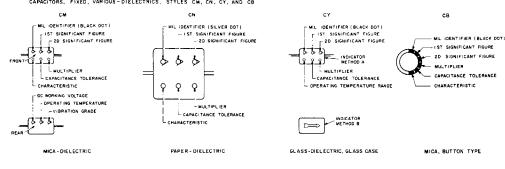
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT - TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT - IST SIGNIFICANT FIGURE - 20 SIGNIFICANT FIGURE - MULTIPLIER - TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT 66666 <u>a</u>CS BLACK DOT FRONT NIL IDENTIFIER HIL IDENTIFIER REAR FRONT REAR AXIAL LEAD RADIAL LEAD DISK - TYPE

MULTIPLIER IS THE FACTOR BY WHICH THE TWO COLOR FRURES ARE MULTIPLIED TO OBTAIN THE INDUCTANCE VALUE OF THE CNOKE COL

B COLOR CODE MARKING FOR MILITARY STANDARD INDUCTORS

B. COLOR CODE MARKING FOR MILITARY STANDARD INDUCTORS.

C. COLOR CODE MARKING FOR MILITARY STANDARD CAPACITORS



CAPACITORS, FIXED, VARIOUS-DIELECTRICS, STYLES CM, CN, CY, AND CB

TABLE 3 -	FOR USE WITH	STYLES	CM, CN, CY AND	CB

COLOR	NOL ID	IST SIG FIG	20 SIG FIG	MULTIPLIER	CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE				CHARACTERISTIC W			DC WORKING VOLTAGE	OPERATING TEMP RANGE	GRADE
					ĊM	CN	CY	CB	CM	CN	¢В	CM	CY, CM	ÇM
BLACX	CM CY CB	0	0	1			±20 %	±20%		۵			-55" TO +70" C	10-55 H Z
BROWN		- 1	ι	10					в	٤	8			
RED		2	2	100	<u>+</u> 2%		±2 %	<u>†</u> 2%	С				-55*TO +85°C	
ORANGE		3	3	:.000		±30*			D		С	300		
YELLOW		4	4	10,000					E				-35*TO+125*C	10+2,0000
GREEN		5	5		±5%				F			500		
BLUE		6	6									[-55* _{TO} +150*0	
PURPLE (VIQLET)		7	7											
GRAY		8	6									I		
WHITE		9	9											
GOLD				01		l I	±5%	15%						
SILVEP	CN			0.01	±10%	±10%	±10%	±10%						

TABLE 4 - TEMPERATURE COMPENSATING, STYLE CC

	TEMPERATURE	IST	20		CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE				
COLOR	COEFFICIENT	SIG FIG	SIG FIG	MULTIPLIER	CAPACITANCES OVER IO UUF	CAPACITANCES	HAIL ID		
BLACK	0	0	٥	I		+ 20 UUF	cc		
BROWN	- 50	1	1	10	±1%				
RED	- 60	2	2	100	±2 %	±025 UUF			
ORANGE	- 150	3	3	1 000			Ľ		
YELLOW	-220	4	4			_			
GREEN	-330		5		±5%	±osuur			
BLUE	-470	6	5				Γ		
PURPLE (VIOLET)	- 750	7	7]			
GRAY	1	8	8	001#					
WHITE		9		01*	± 10%				
GOLD	+ 100			0)		±10 UUF			
SILVER			· · · ·	0 01			1		

I THE MULTIPLIER IS THE NUMBER BY WHICH THE TWO SIGNIFICANT (SIG) FIGURES ARE MULTIPLIED TO OBTAIN THE CAPACITANCE IN UNF

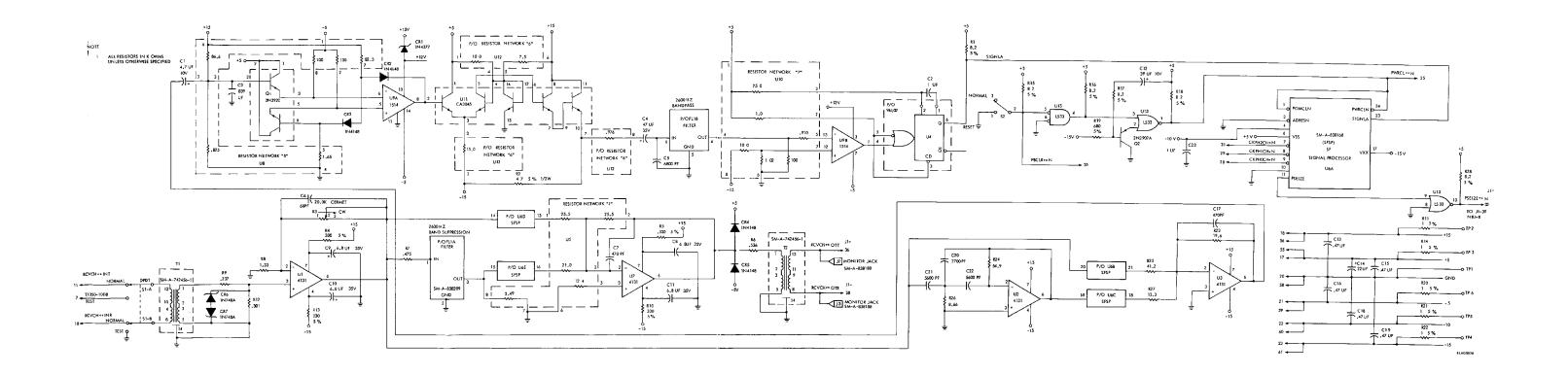
2 LETTERS INDICATE THE CHARACTERISTICS DESIGNATED IN APPLICABLE SPECIFICATIONS MIL-C-S. MIL-C-102728, AND MIL-C-10950C RESPECTIVELY

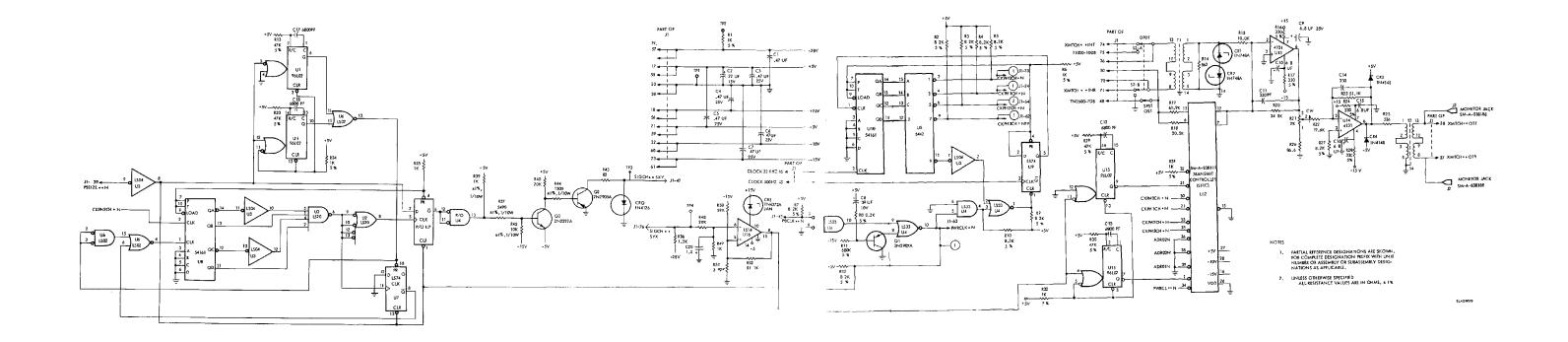
3 LETTERS INDICATE THE TEMPERATURE RANGE AND VOLTAGE-TEMPERATURE LIMITS DESIGNATED IN MIL-C-110150

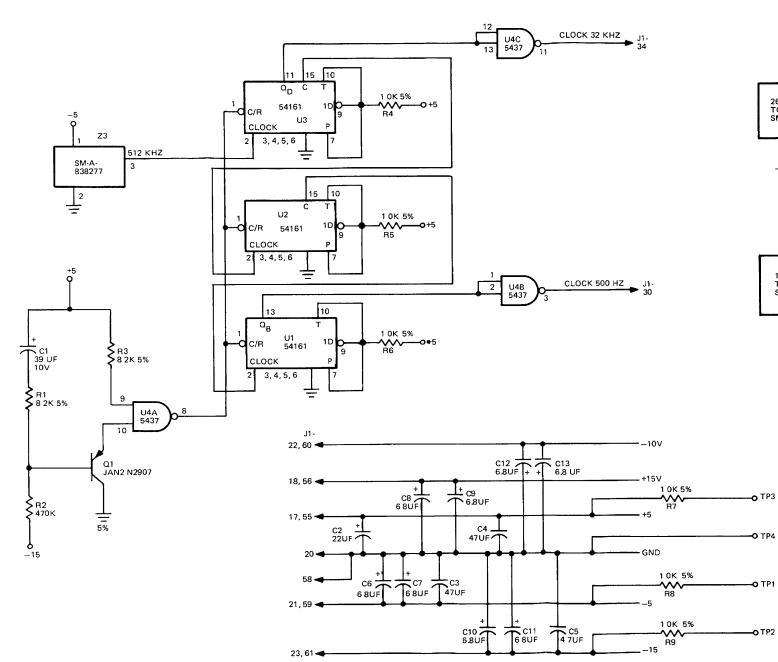
4 TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT IN PARTS PER MILLION PER DEGREE CENTIGRADE

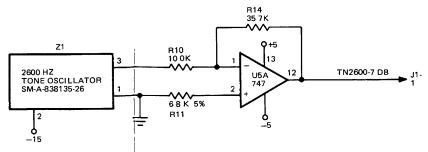
* OPTIONAL CODING WHERE METALLIC PIGMENTS ARE UNDESIRABLE

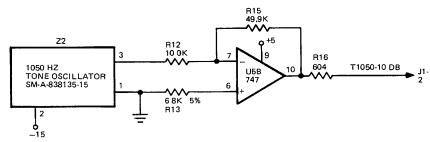
EL408027

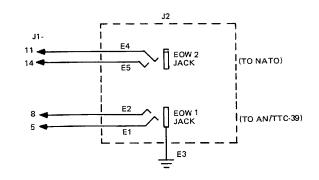












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\sim	RECOMMENDED CHANGES TO EQUIPMENT TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS						
	SOMETHING WRONG WITH PUBLICATION						
DOPE ABO CAREFULL	T DOWN THE UT IT ON THIS FORM. Y TEAR IT OUT, FOLD IT IT IN THE MAIL.						
PUBLICATION NUMBER	PUBLICATION DATE PUBLICATION TITLE						
BE EXACT PIN-POINT WHERE IT IS PAGE PARA- FIGURE TABLE	IN THIS SPACE, TELL WHAT IS WRONG AND WHAT SHOULD BE DONE ABOUT IT.						
PRINTED NAME, GRADE OR TITLE AND TE	LEPHONE NUMBER SIGN HERE						
	REVIOUS EDITIONS P.SIF YOUR OUTFIT WANTS TO KNOW ABOUT YOUR RE OBSOLETE. RECOMMENDATION MAKE A CARBON COPY OF THIS AND GIVE IT TO YOUR HEADQUARTERS.						

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